

Measurement of the $\Upsilon(nS)$ polarizations in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ and 8 TeV

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Measurement of the $\Upsilon(nS)$ polarizations in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV



The LHCb collaboration

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ABSTRACT: The polarization of the $\Upsilon(1S)$, $\Upsilon(2S)$ and $\Upsilon(3S)$ mesons, produced in pp collisions at centre-of-mass energies $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV, is measured using data samples collected by the LHCb experiment, corresponding to integrated luminosities of 1 and 2 fb⁻¹, respectively. The measurements are performed in three polarization frames, using $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu\mu$ decays in the kinematic region of the transverse momentum $p_T^\Upsilon < 30$ GeV/ c and rapidity $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$. No large polarization is observed.

KEYWORDS: Hadron-Hadron scattering (experiments), Particle and resonance production, Polarization, QCD

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1 Introduction

Studies of heavy quarkonium production play an important role in the development of quantum chromodynamics (QCD) [1, 2]. According to the current theoretical framework, nonrelativistic QCD (NRQCD) [3, 4], the production of heavy quarkonium factorizes into two steps, separated by different time and energy scales. In the first step, a heavy quark-antiquark pair, $Q\bar{Q}$, is created in a short time, of order $\hbar/(2m_Qc^2)$, where m_Q is the heavy-quark mass. In the second step, the $Q\bar{Q}$ pair, being produced in a colour-singlet or colour-octet [5] state, evolves nonperturbatively into a quarkonium state. The nonperturbative transitions from the initially produced $Q\bar{Q}$ pairs to the observable colourless quarkonium states are described by long-distance matrix elements. According to the NRQCD factorization approach [4], these matrix elements are universal constants which are independent of the short-time production processes, and need to be determined from data. Calculations based on the colour-singlet model [6–8] show good agreement [9–14] with the experimental data [15–22] for production cross-sections and the shapes of the transverse momentum spectra. However, this approach fails to describe the spin-alignment (usually labelled as polarization) of S-wave charmonium states [23, 24]. Leading-order colour-singlet calculations predict a transverse polarization for the S-wave

quarkonia, while next-to-leading-order (NLO) calculations predict a longitudinal polarization for these states [10]. An analysis using NLO NRQCD calculations of the short-distance coefficients [14] concludes that the $\Upsilon(1S)$ and $\Upsilon(2S)$ bottomonium states should have a very small transverse polarization, almost independent of the transverse momentum, while the $\Upsilon(3S)$ meson should show a large transverse polarization at high transverse momenta. For the $\Upsilon(3S)$ meson this analysis neglects the contributions from the cascade decays of higher excited bottomonium states. Accounting for these contributions, *e.g.* from the radiative $\chi_b(nP) \rightarrow \Upsilon\gamma$ decays¹ [25–29], is important for a correct interpretation of results [30]. The measured fractions of Υ mesons originating from χ_b decays are large, around 30–40 % [28], for Υ mesons with high transverse momenta, $p_T^\Upsilon \gtrsim 20$ GeV/ c .

Experimentally, polarization of Υ mesons produced in high-energy hadron-hadron interactions was studied by the CDF collaboration in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.8$ and 1.96 TeV [16, 31]. It was found that the angular distributions of muons from $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ decays for all three Υ states are nearly isotropic in the central rapidity region $|y^\Upsilon| < 0.6$ and $p_T^\Upsilon < 40$ GeV/ c [31]. This result is inconsistent with the measurement performed by the D0 collaboration, where a significant p_T^Υ -dependent longitudinal polarization was observed for $\Upsilon(1S)$ mesons produced in $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV, for $|y^\Upsilon| < 1.8$ and $p_T^\Upsilon < 20$ GeV/ c [32]. At the LHC the Υ polarization was measured by the CMS collaboration [33] using pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, for the rapidity ranges $|y^\Upsilon| < 0.6$ and $0.6 < |y^\Upsilon| < 1.2$, and for $10 < p_T^\Upsilon < 50$ GeV/ c . No evidence of large transverse or longitudinal polarization was found for any of the three Υ mesons in the considered kinematic region.

The spin-alignment state of Υ mesons is measured through the analysis of the angular distribution of muons from the decay $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ [34–36]

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{3}{4\pi} \frac{1}{3 + \lambda_\theta} (1 + \lambda_\theta \cos^2 \theta + \lambda_{\theta\phi} \sin 2\theta \cos \phi + \lambda_\phi \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi), \quad (1.1)$$

where the angular quantities $\Omega = (\cos \theta, \phi)$ denote the direction of the positive muon in the rest frame of the Υ meson with respect to the chosen reference frame. The spin-alignment parameters $\boldsymbol{\lambda} \equiv (\lambda_\theta, \lambda_{\theta\phi}, \lambda_\phi)$ are directly related to the spin-1 density-matrix elements [34, 37]. Alternatively, these parameters are often denoted as $(\lambda, \mu, \nu/2)$. The case $\boldsymbol{\lambda} = (0, 0, 0)$ corresponds to unpolarized Υ mesons and for the chosen reference frame transverse (longitudinal) polarization corresponds to $\lambda_\theta > 0$ (< 0).

The parameters $\boldsymbol{\lambda}$ depend on the choice for the reference system in the rest frame of the Υ meson. The following three frames are widely used in polarization analyses: helicity (HX), Collins-Soper (CS) and Gottfried-Jackson (GJ). In the HX frame [38], the z axis is defined as the direction of the Υ momentum in the centre-of-mass frame of the colliding LHC protons, that is $\hat{z} \equiv -(\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2) / |\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2|$, where \vec{p}_1 and \vec{p}_2 are the three-momenta of the colliding protons in the rest frame of the Υ meson.² In the CS frame [40], the z axis is defined such that it bisects the angle between \vec{p}_1 and $-\vec{p}_2$ in the rest frame of the Υ meson. In the GJ frame [41], the z axis is defined as the direction of \vec{p}_1 in the rest frame

¹Throughout this paper the symbol Υ represents generically $\Upsilon(1S)$, $\Upsilon(2S)$ and $\Upsilon(3S)$ mesons.

²A beam proton travelling in the positive (negative) direction of the z axis of the coordinate system of the LHCb detector [39] is designated as the first (second).

of the Υ meson. In all of these frames, the y axis is normal to the production plane of the Υ mesons with the direction along the vector product $\vec{p}_1 \times \vec{p}_2$ defined in the rest frame of the Υ meson.³ The x axis is defined to complete a right-handed coordinate system.

Since the HX, CS and GJ reference frames are related by rotations around the y axis, the three polarization parameters measured in one frame can be translated into another [36, 43]. The frame-transformation relations imply the existence of quantities \mathcal{F} that are invariant under these rotations [44, 45]. These quantities are defined in terms of λ_θ and λ_ϕ as

$$\mathcal{F}(c_1, c_2, c_3) \equiv \frac{(3 + \lambda_\theta) + c_1(1 - \lambda_\phi)}{c_2(3 + \lambda_\theta) + c_3(1 - \lambda_\phi)}$$

for arbitrary numbers c_1 , c_2 and c_3 . In particular, the frame-invariant polarization parameter $\tilde{\lambda}$ is defined for the specific choice of constants c_1 , c_2 and c_3 [44–48]

$$\tilde{\lambda} \equiv \mathcal{F}(-3, 0, 1) = \frac{\lambda_\theta + 3\lambda_\phi}{1 - \lambda_\phi}. \quad (1.2)$$

This paper presents a full angular analysis performed on Υ mesons produced in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV corresponding to integrated luminosities of 1 and 2 fb⁻¹, respectively. The polarization parameters are measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames in the region $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ as functions of p_T^Υ and y^Υ for $p_T^\Upsilon < 20$ GeV/ c and as functions of p_T^Υ for $p_T^\Upsilon < 30$ GeV/ c . The latter range is referred to as the wide p_T^Υ range in the following.

2 LHCb detector and simulation

The LHCb detector [39, 49] is a single-arm forward spectrometer covering the pseudorapidity range $2 < \eta < 5$, designed for the study of particles containing b or c quarks. The detector includes a high-precision tracking system consisting of a silicon-strip vertex detector surrounding the pp interaction region, a large-area silicon-strip detector located upstream of a dipole magnet with a bending power of about 4 Tm, and three stations of silicon-strip detectors and straw drift tubes placed downstream of the magnet. The tracking system provides a measurement of momentum, p , of charged particles with a relative uncertainty that varies from 0.5 % at low momentum to 1.0 % at 200 GeV/ c . The minimum distance of a track to a primary vertex, the impact parameter, is measured with a resolution of $(15 + 29/p_T) \mu\text{m}$, where p_T is in GeV/ c . Different types of charged hadrons are distinguished using information from two ring-imaging Cherenkov detectors. Photons, electrons and hadrons are identified by a calorimeter system consisting of scintillating-pad and preshower detectors, an electromagnetic calorimeter and a hadronic calorimeter. Muons are identified by a system composed of alternating layers of iron and multiwire proportional chambers [50]. The online event selection is performed by a trigger [51], which consists of a hardware stage, based on information from the calorimeter and muon systems, followed by a software stage, which applies a full event reconstruction.

³This definition is adopted from ref. [36], and is opposite to the Madison convention [42], $\vec{p}_1 \times \vec{p}_\Upsilon$, where \vec{p}_1 and \vec{p}_Υ are the three-momenta of the first beam proton and the Υ meson in the centre-of-mass frame of the two colliding protons. The two conventions differ by the sign of the $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ parameter while keeping the same values for λ_θ and λ_ϕ [36].

The hardware trigger stage is implemented by requiring the presence of two muon candidates with the product of their p_T exceeding $1.7(2.6)(\text{GeV}/c)^2$ for data collected at $\sqrt{s} = 7(8)\text{ TeV}$. In the subsequent software stage, the trigger requires the presence of two well-reconstructed tracks with hits in the muon system, $p_T > 0.5\text{ GeV}/c$ and $p > 6\text{ GeV}/c$. Only events with a pair of tracks identified as oppositely charged muons with a common vertex and a mass $m_{\mu^+\mu^-} > 4.7\text{ GeV}/c^2$ are retained for further analysis.

In Monte Carlo simulation, pp collisions are generated using PYTHIA 6 [52] with a specific LHCb configuration [53]. Decays of hadrons are described by EVTGEN [54] with final-state radiation generated using PHOTOS [55]. The interaction of the generated particles with the detector, and its response, are implemented using the GEANT4 toolkit [56, 57] as described in ref. [58]. The bottomonium production is simulated according to the leading order colour-singlet and colour-octet mechanisms [53, 59], and the bottomonium states are generated without polarization.

3 Data selection

The selection of Υ candidates is based on the same criteria as used in the previous LHCb analyses [17–20]. The Υ candidates are formed from pairs of oppositely charged tracks. Each track is required to have a good reconstruction quality [60] and to be identified as a muon [61]. Each muon is then required to satisfy $1 < p_T < 25\text{ GeV}/c$, $10 < p < 400\text{ GeV}/c$ and have pseudorapidity within $2.2 < \eta < 4.5$. The two muons are required to be consistent with originating from a common vertex. The consistency of the dimuon vertex with a primary vertex is ensured via the quality requirement of a global fit, performed for each dimuon candidate using the primary vertex position as a constraint [62]. This requirement also reduces the background from genuine muons coming from decays of long-lived charm and beauty hadrons. The mass of the muon pair is required to be in the range $8.8 < m_{\mu^+\mu^-} < 11.0\text{ GeV}/c^2$. A large fraction of the combinatorial background is characterized by a large absolute value of the cosine of the polar angle, $\cos\theta_{GJ}$, of the μ^+ lepton in the GJ frame. The distributions of $\cos\theta_{GJ}$ for signal and for background components in a typical bin, $6 < p_T^\Upsilon < 8\text{ GeV}/c$ and $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$, are shown in figure 1a. The components are determined using the *sPlot* technique, described below. To reduce this background, a requirement $|\cos\theta_{GJ}| < 0.8$ is applied.

Dimuon mass distributions of the $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ candidates selected in the region $6 < p_T^\Upsilon < 8\text{ GeV}/c$ and $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$ for data collected at $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{ TeV}$ are shown in figure 1b. In each $(p_T^\Upsilon, y^\Upsilon)$ bin, the dimuon mass distribution is parametrized by a sum of three double-sided Crystal Ball functions [63, 64], describing the three Υ meson signals, and an exponential function for the combinatorial background. A double-sided Crystal Ball function is defined as a Gaussian function with power-law tails on both the low- and high-mass sides. The peak position and the resolution parameters of the Crystal Ball function describing the mass distribution of the $\Upsilon(1S)$ meson are free parameters for the unbinned extended maximum likelihood fit. The peak position parameters of the $\Upsilon(2S)$ and $\Upsilon(3S)$ signal components are fixed using the known values of the mass differences of the $\Upsilon(2S)$ and $\Upsilon(3S)$ mesons to that of the $\Upsilon(1S)$ meson [65], while the resolution parameters are fixed to the value of the resolution parameter of the $\Upsilon(1S)$ signal, scaled

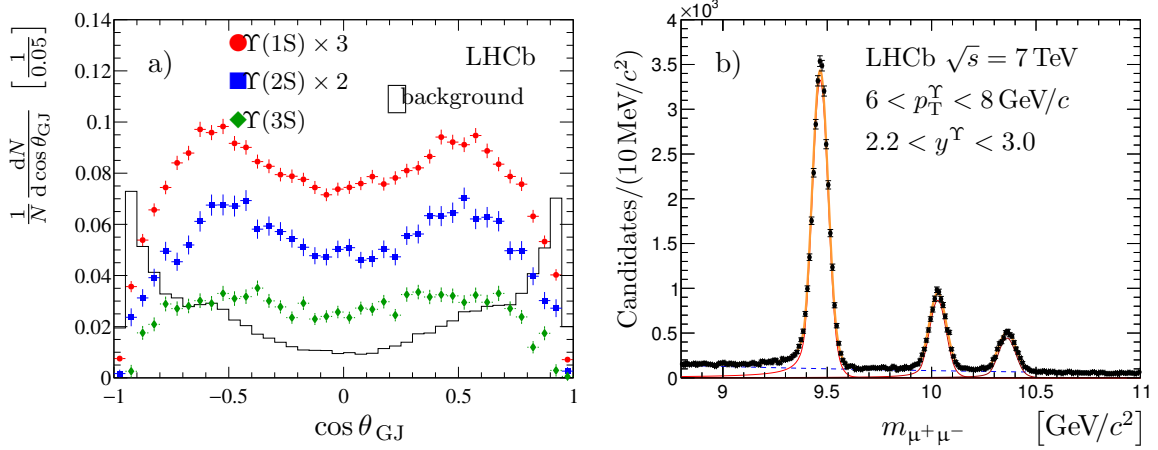


Figure 1. (a) Distributions of $\cos \theta_{GJ}$ for $\Upsilon(1S)$ (red circles), $\Upsilon(2S)$ (blue squares) and $\Upsilon(3S)$ (green diamonds) signal candidates and the background component (histogram) in the region $6 < p_T^\Upsilon < 8 \text{ GeV}/c$, $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$ for data accumulated at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. To improve visibility, the distributions for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ and $\Upsilon(2S)$ signals are scaled by factors of 3 and 2, respectively. (b) Dimuon mass distribution in the region $6 < p_T^\Upsilon < 8 \text{ GeV}/c$, $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$ for data accumulated at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$. The thick dark yellow solid curve shows the result of the fit, as described in the text. The three peaks, shown with thin red solid lines, correspond to the $\Upsilon(1S)$, $\Upsilon(2S)$ and $\Upsilon(3S)$ signals (left to right). The background component is indicated with a dashed blue line.

by the ratio of the masses of the $\Upsilon(2S)$ and $\Upsilon(3S)$ mesons to that of the $\Upsilon(1S)$ meson. The power-law tail parameters of the three Crystal Ball functions are common for the three Υ meson signals and left free in the fit.

4 Polarization fit

The polarization parameters are determined from unbinned maximum likelihood fits [66] to the two-dimensional $(\cos \theta, \phi)$ angular distribution of the μ^+ lepton from the $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ decay, described by eq. (1.1), following the approach of refs. [23, 24]. The projections of the two-dimensional $(\cos \theta, \phi)$ angular distribution in the HX frame are shown in figure 2 for data accumulated at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ in the kinematic region $6 < p_T^\Upsilon < 8 \text{ GeV}/c$, $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$.

The logarithm of the likelihood function for each Υ state, in each $(p_T^\Upsilon, y^\Upsilon)$ bin, is defined as [24]

$$\begin{aligned}
 \log \mathcal{L}^\Upsilon(\boldsymbol{\lambda}) &= s_w \sum_i w_i^\Upsilon \log \left[\frac{\mathcal{P}(\Omega_i|\boldsymbol{\lambda}) \varepsilon(\Omega_i)}{\mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\lambda})} \right] \\
 &= s_w \sum_i w_i^\Upsilon \log \left[\frac{\mathcal{P}(\Omega_i|\boldsymbol{\lambda})}{\mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\lambda})} \right] \\
 &\quad + s_w \sum_i w_i^\Upsilon \log [\varepsilon(\Omega_i)] ,
 \end{aligned} \tag{4.1}$$

where $\mathcal{P}(\Omega_i|\boldsymbol{\lambda}) \equiv 1 + \lambda_\theta \cos^2 \theta_i + \lambda_{\theta\phi} \sin 2\theta_i \cos \phi_i + \lambda_\phi \sin^2 \theta_i \cos 2\phi_i$, $\varepsilon(\Omega_i)$ is the total efficiency for the i^{th} Υ candidate and $\mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\lambda})$ is the normalization integral defined below.

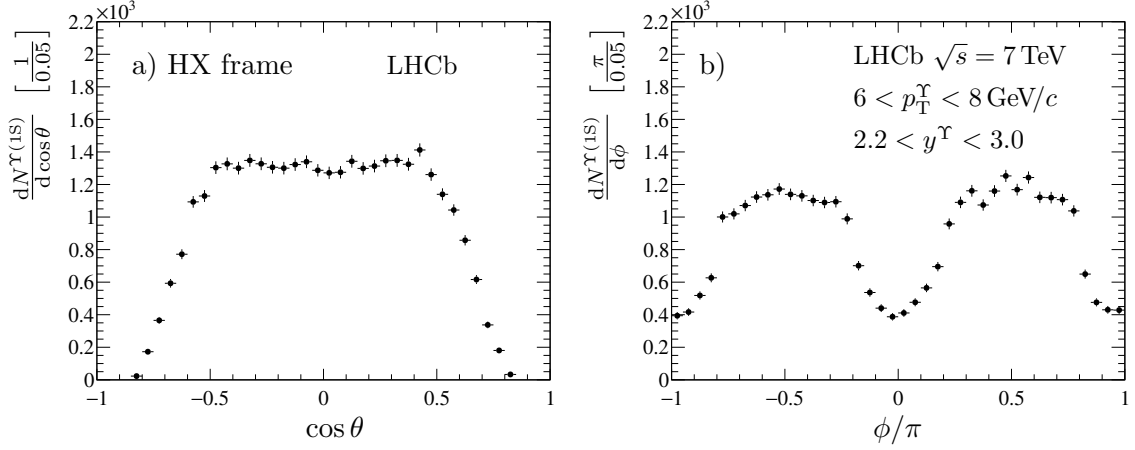


Figure 2. Background-subtracted distributions of (a) $\cos \theta$ and (b) ϕ for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ signal candidates in the HX frame, measured in the kinematic region $6 < p_T^\Upsilon < 8 \text{ GeV}/c$ and $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$, for data accumulated at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$.

The weights w_i^Υ are determined from the fit of the dimuon mass distribution using the *sPlot* technique [67], which projects out the corresponding signal component from the combined signal plus background densities. The sum in eq. (4.1) runs over all selected Υ candidates. The constant scale factor $s_w \equiv \sum_i w_i^\Upsilon / \sum_i (w_i^\Upsilon)^2$ accounts for statistical fluctuations in the background subtraction [24, 68, 69] and was validated using pseudoexperiments. Numerically, it increases by approximately 5% the uncertainties in the polarization parameters. The last term in eq. (4.1) is ignored in the fit as it has no dependence on the polarization parameters. The normalization factor $\mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\lambda})$ is defined as

$$\mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\lambda}) \equiv \int d\Omega \mathcal{P}(\Omega|\boldsymbol{\lambda}) \varepsilon(\Omega) \quad (4.2)$$

and is calculated using simulated events. In the simulation, where the Υ mesons are generated unpolarized, the two-dimensional $(\cos \theta, \phi)$ distribution of selected candidates is proportional to the total efficiency $\varepsilon(\Omega)$, so $\mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\lambda})$ is evaluated by summing $\mathcal{P}(\Omega_i|\boldsymbol{\lambda})$ over the selected Υ candidates in the simulated sample

$$\mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\lambda}) \propto \sum_i \varepsilon^{\mu^+\mu^-} \mathcal{P}(\Omega_i|\boldsymbol{\lambda}). \quad (4.3)$$

For simulated events no muon identification requirement is applied when selecting the Υ candidates. Instead, a muon-pair identification efficiency factor $\varepsilon^{\mu^+\mu^-}$ is applied for all selected simulated $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ decays. This factor is calculated on a per-event basis as

$$\varepsilon^{\mu^+\mu^-} = \varepsilon^{\mu\text{ID}}(\mu^+) \varepsilon^{\mu\text{ID}}(\mu^-), \quad (4.4)$$

where $\varepsilon^{\mu\text{ID}}$ is the single-muon identification efficiency, measured in data, using large samples of prompt J/ψ mesons decaying to muon pairs. Given that the reconstruction and selection efficiencies are taken from simulation, the efficiency $\varepsilon^{\mu^+\mu^-}$ is further corrected to account for small differences between data and simulation in the track reconstruction efficiency [60, 61] and in the p_T^Υ and y^Υ spectra [52, 53].

Source	$\sigma_{\lambda_\theta} [10^{-3}]$	$\sigma_{\lambda_{\theta\phi}} [10^{-3}]$	$\sigma_{\lambda_\phi} [10^{-3}]$	$\sigma_{\tilde{\lambda}} [10^{-3}]$
$\Upsilon(1S)$				
Dimuon mass fit	1.0 – 12	0.2 – 10	0.1 – 7	1.8 – 20
Efficiency calculation				
muon identification	0.2 – 10	0.1 – 7	0.1 – 6	0.2 – 17
correction factors for $\varepsilon^{\mu^+\mu^-}$	0.7 – 12	0.4 – 5	0.1 – 4	2.1 – 14
trigger	0.1 – 18	0.1 – 8	0.1 – 5	0.3 – 19
Finite size of simulated samples	6.0 – 82	1.3 – 29	0.9 – 35	6.9 – 95
$\Upsilon(2S)$				
Dimuon mass fit	0.6 – 37	0.2 – 19	0.3 – 16	4.6 – 53
Efficiency calculation				
muon identification	0.2 – 11	0.1 – 6	0.1 – 5	0.2 – 13
correction factors for $\varepsilon^{\mu^+\mu^-}$	0.7 – 12	0.3 – 5	0.1 – 5	2.1 – 13
trigger	0.1 – 17	0.1 – 7	0.1 – 5	0.3 – 18
Finite size of simulated samples	9.8 – 210	2.5 – 98	1.5 – 120	14 – 320
$\Upsilon(3S)$				
Dimuon mass fit model	1.4 – 72	0.2 – 24	0.5 – 21	7.2 – 86
Efficiency calculation				
muon identification	0.2 – 12	0.1 – 7	0.1 – 5	0.3 – 22
correction factors for $\varepsilon^{\mu^+\mu^-}$	0.6 – 14	0.3 – 6	0.1 – 5	2.1 – 18
trigger	0.2 – 17	0.1 – 8	0.1 – 4	0.3 – 19
Finite size of simulated samples	12 – 280	3.5 – 100	2.1 – 110	16 – 350

Table 1. Ranges of the absolute systematic uncertainties of the parameters λ and $\tilde{\lambda}$. The ranges indicate variations depending on the (p_T^X, y^X) bin and frame.

5 Systematic uncertainties

The sources of systematic uncertainty studied in this analysis are summarized in table 1. They are considered for the polarization parameters λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and for the frame-invariant parameter $\tilde{\lambda}$ in the HX, CS and GJ frames for each (p_T^X, y^X) bin.

The systematic uncertainty related to the signal determination procedure is studied by varying the mass model describing the shape of the dimuon mass distributions. For the signal parametrizations, the power-law tail parameters of the double-sided Crystal Ball functions are fixed to the values obtained in the simulation, and the constraints for the mean values of the Crystal Ball functions describing the $\Upsilon(2S)$ and $\Upsilon(3S)$ signals are removed. The variation of the background parametrization is done by replacing the exponential function with the product of an exponential function and a polynomial function. Mass fit ranges are also varied. The maximum differences in each parameter λ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ with respect to the nominal fit results are taken as systematic uncertainties. For all (p_T^X, y^X) bins these uncertainties are around 10 % of the corresponding statistical uncertainties.

For several sources of systematic uncertainty pseudoexperiments are used, whereby an ensemble of pseudodata samples is generated, each with a random value of the appro-

appropriate parameter taken from a Gaussian distribution. The fit is then performed for each sample, and the observed variations in the fit parameters are used to assign the corresponding systematic uncertainties.

The single-muon identification efficiency, $\varepsilon^{\mu\text{ID}}$, is determined from large samples of $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ decays. The efficiency $\varepsilon^{\mu\text{ID}}$ is measured as a function of muon transverse momentum and pseudorapidity. The systematic uncertainty in the λ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ parameters related to the muon identification is obtained from the uncertainties of the single particle identification efficiency $\varepsilon^{\mu\text{ID}}$ using pseudoexperiments. This uncertainty is around 2 % of the statistical uncertainty for data in low- p_T^Υ bins and rises to 8 % of the statistical uncertainty in high- p_T^Υ bins.

The uncertainties in the correction factors for the muon-pair identification efficiency $\varepsilon^{\mu^+\mu^-}$, related to small differences in the tracking and muon reconstruction efficiencies between data and simulation, are propagated to the determination of the polarization parameters using pseudoexperiments. These uncertainties are 20 % of the statistical uncertainty for low- p_T^Υ bins and decrease to 10 % of the statistical uncertainty for high- p_T^Υ bins.

In this analysis the efficiency of the trigger is taken from simulation. The systematic uncertainty associated with a possible small difference in the trigger efficiency between data and simulation is assessed by studying the performance of the dimuon trigger, described in section 2, for events selected using the single-muon high- p_T trigger [51]. The fractions of $\Upsilon(1S)$ signal candidates selected using both trigger requirements are compared for the data and simulation in $(p_T^\Upsilon, y^\Upsilon)$ bins and found to agree within 2 % [19, 20]. The corresponding systematic uncertainties in the polarization parameters are obtained using pseudoexperiments and found to be between 2 % and 4 % of the statistical uncertainty.

Good agreement between the data and simulated samples is observed for all variables used to select the Υ candidates [19, 20]. The discrepancies in the corresponding integrated normalized distributions do not exceed 1 % and therefore no systematic uncertainty related to possible mismodelling is assigned to the polarization parameters.

The finite size of the simulated samples introduces a systematic uncertainty related to the normalization factors $\mathcal{N}(\lambda)$ of eq. (4.3). This uncertainty is also propagated to the final uncertainty of the polarization results using pseudoexperiments. This systematic uncertainty is dominant for most of the $(p_T^\Upsilon, y^\Upsilon)$ bins, varying between 30 % and 70 % of the statistical uncertainty.

The total systematic uncertainty for each polarization parameter is calculated as the quadratic sum of the systematic uncertainties from all the considered sources, assuming no correlations. The systematic uncertainties of the λ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ parameters in the different frames are comparable. For the majority of the $(p_T^\Upsilon, y^\Upsilon)$ bins the total systematic uncertainty is much smaller than the statistical uncertainty. For some high- p_T^Υ bins the systematic and statistical uncertainties are comparable.

6 Results

The polarization parameters λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ for the Υ mesons, measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames for different $(p_T^\Upsilon, y^\Upsilon)$ bins, for data collected at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and 8 TeV, are

shown in figures 3, 4 and 5 for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ meson, in figures 6, 7 and 8 for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ meson and in figures 9, 10 and 11 for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ meson. The parameters λ do not show significant variations as a function of y^Υ , in accordance with expectations. Figures 12, 13 and 14 show the polarization parameters measured in the full considered rapidity range $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ and the wide region of transverse momentum up to 30 GeV/c. All polarization parameters are listed in appendix A for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ mesons, appendix B for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ mesons and appendix C for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ mesons. The correlation coefficients between the different polarization parameters are, in general, small, especially between the λ_θ and λ_ϕ parameters. The smallest correlation coefficients are obtained in the CS frame.

The values of the parameter λ_θ measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames do not show large transverse or longitudinal polarization over the considered kinematic region. The values of the parameters $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and λ_ϕ are small in all polarization frames, over all $(p_T^\Upsilon, y^\Upsilon)$ bins. The Υ polarization results are in good agreement with those obtained by the CMS collaboration [33]. The polarization results obtained for the two centre-of-mass energies, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and 8 TeV, are similar and show a good agreement.

In the rest frame of the Υ meson, the spin-1 density matrix is proportional to [70, 71]

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1-\lambda_\theta}{2} & \lambda_{\theta\phi} & 0 \\ \lambda_{\theta\phi} & \frac{1+\lambda_\theta-2\lambda_\phi}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1+\lambda_\theta+2\lambda_\phi}{2} \end{pmatrix}.$$

The positivity of the density matrix imposes constraints on the λ parameters as follows [45, 48, 70–73]

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\leq \mathcal{C}_1 = 1 - |\lambda_\theta| \\ 0 &\leq \mathcal{C}_2 = 1 + \lambda_\theta - 2|\lambda_\phi| \\ 0 &\leq \mathcal{C}_3 = (1 - \lambda_\theta)(1 + \lambda_\theta - 2\lambda_\phi) - 4\lambda_{\theta\phi}^2 \\ 0 &\leq \mathcal{C}_4 = (1 - \lambda_\theta)(1 + \lambda_\theta + 2\lambda_\phi) \\ 0 &\leq \mathcal{C}_5 = (1 + \lambda_\theta)^2 - 4\lambda_\phi^2 \\ 0 &\leq \mathcal{C}_6 = (1 + \lambda_\theta + 2\lambda_\phi)((1 - \lambda_\theta)(1 + \lambda_\theta - 2\lambda_\phi) - 4\lambda_{\theta\phi}^2). \end{aligned}$$

The measured values of the λ parameters satisfy these positivity constraints \mathcal{C}_i in all frames over all $(p_T^\Upsilon, y^\Upsilon)$ bins.

The frame-invariant polarization parameter $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames is shown in figure 15. A possible disagreement between the values of $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the different frames would indicate an unaccounted systematic uncertainty, *e.g.* related to limitations of the simulation. No such disagreement is found. The rotation angles between the different frames depend on the transverse momentum of the Υ mesons and vanish for small p_T^Υ , resulting in a degeneracy between the three frames [36, 43]. Due to this degeneracy, the polarization results for different frames are very similar for low- p_T^Υ bins, see *e.g.* figures 12, 13 and 14.

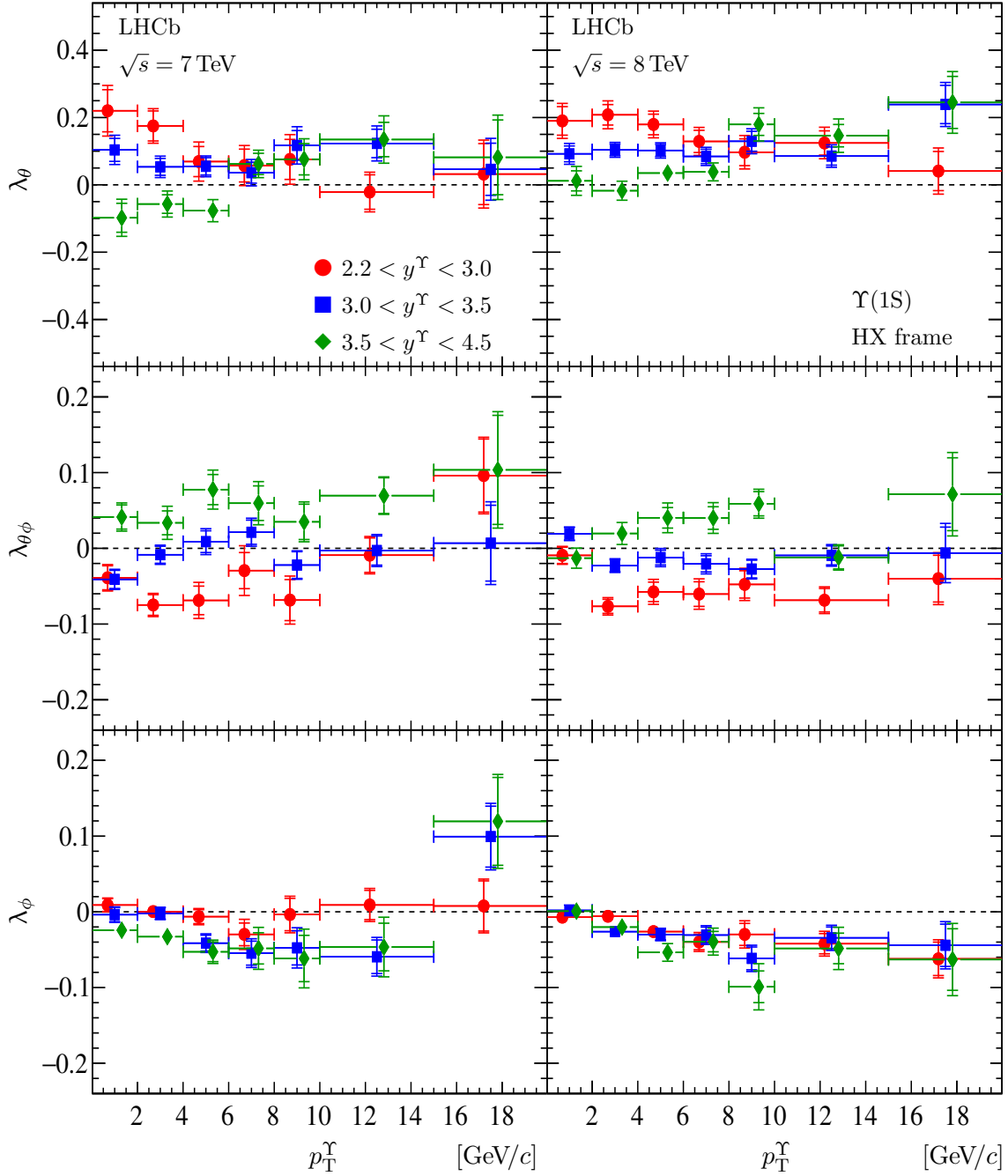


Figure 3. The polarization parameters (top) λ_θ , (middle) $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and (bottom) λ_ϕ , measured in the HX frame for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ state in different bins of p_T^Υ and three rapidity ranges, for data collected at (left) $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and (right) $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The results for the rapidity ranges $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$, $3.0 < y^\Upsilon < 3.5$ and $3.5 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The vertical inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. The horizontal error bars indicate the bin width. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

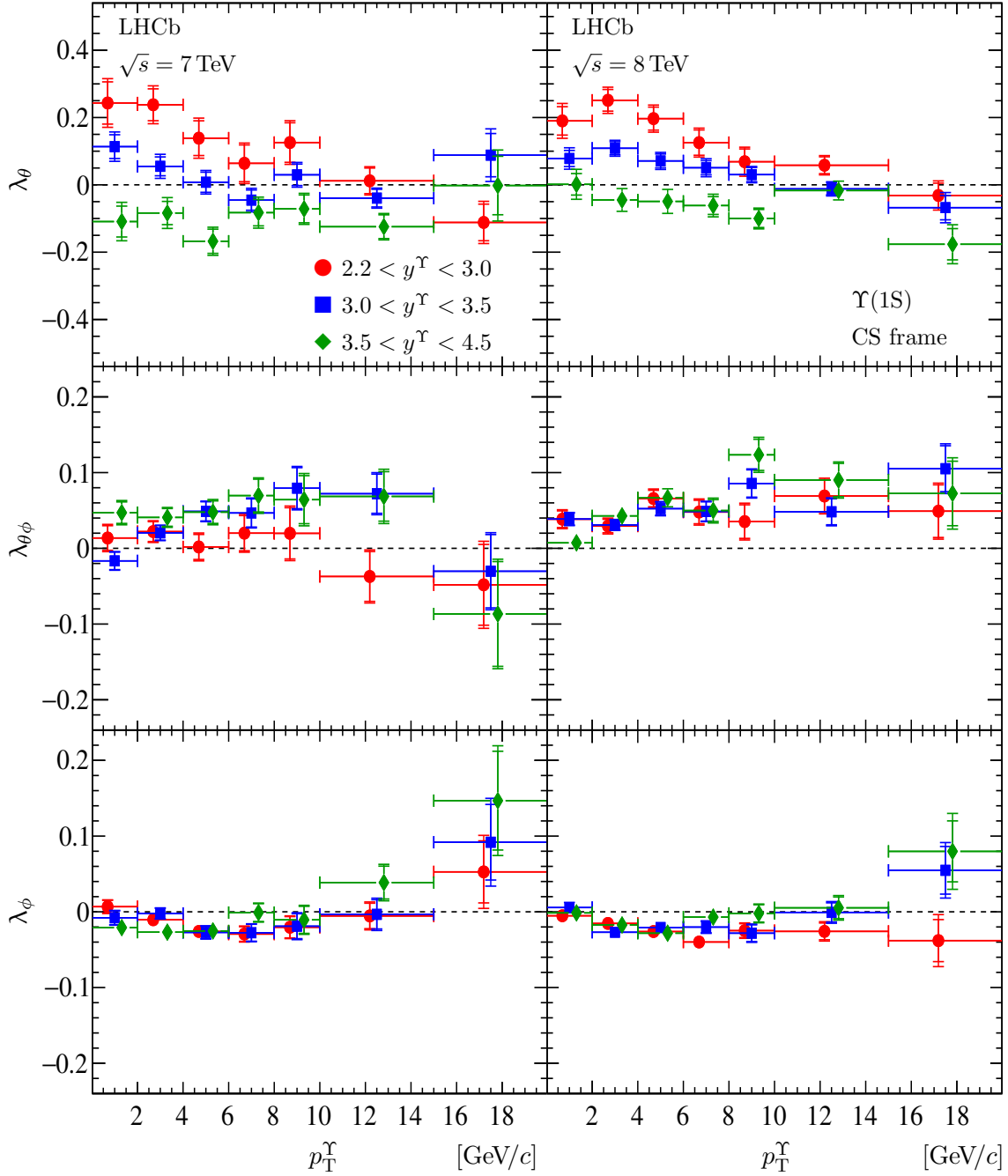


Figure 4. The polarization parameters (top) λ_θ , (middle) $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and (bottom) λ_ϕ , measured in the CS frame for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ state in different bins of p_T^Υ and three rapidity ranges, for data collected at (left) $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and (right) $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The results for the rapidity ranges $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$, $3.0 < y^\Upsilon < 3.5$ and $3.5 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The vertical inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. The horizontal error bars indicate the bin width. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

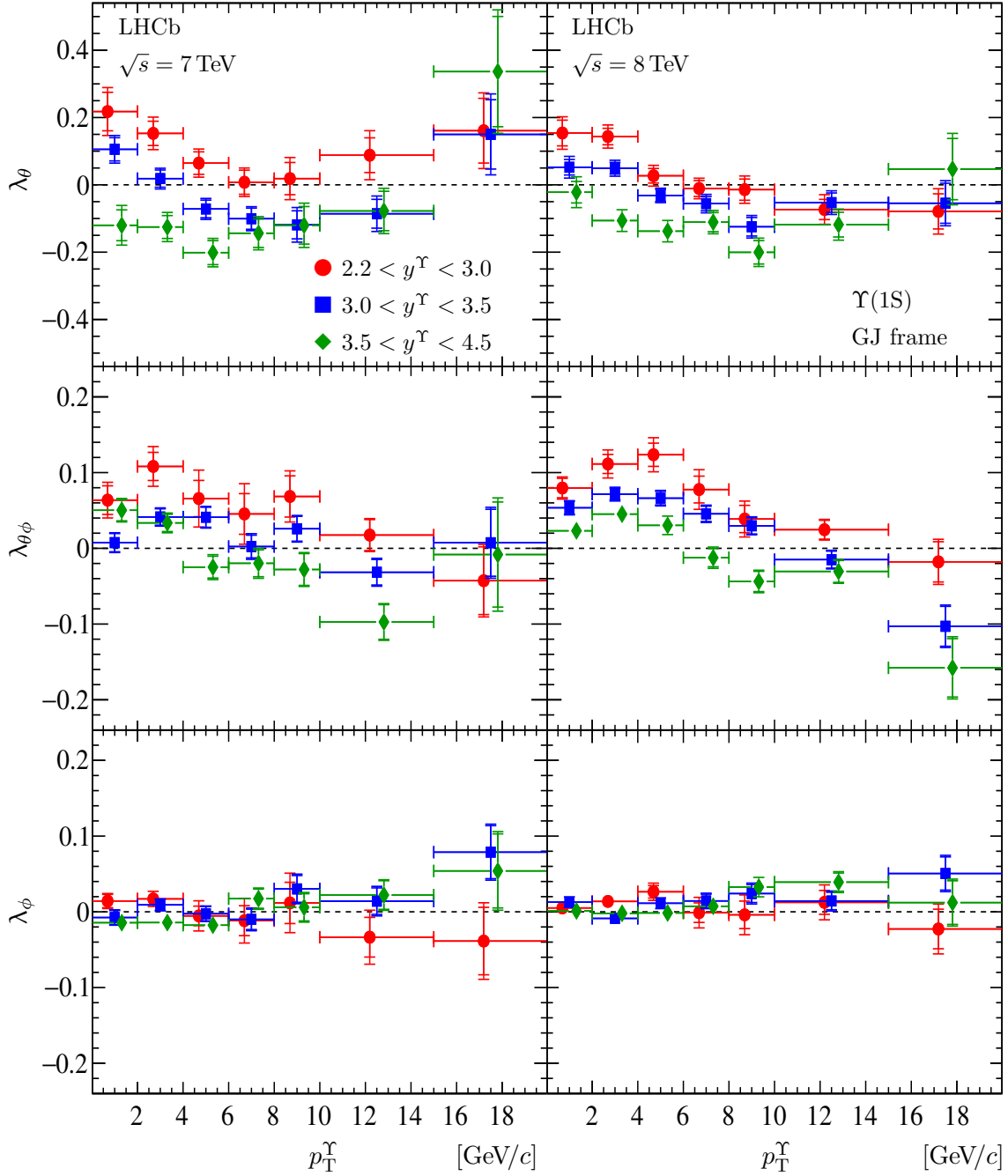


Figure 5. The polarization parameters (top) λ_θ , (middle) $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and (bottom) λ_ϕ , measured in the GJ frame for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ state in different bins of p_T^Υ and three rapidity ranges, for data collected at (left) $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and (right) $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The results for the rapidity ranges $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$, $3.0 < y^\Upsilon < 3.5$ and $3.5 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The vertical inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. The horizontal error bars indicate the bin width. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

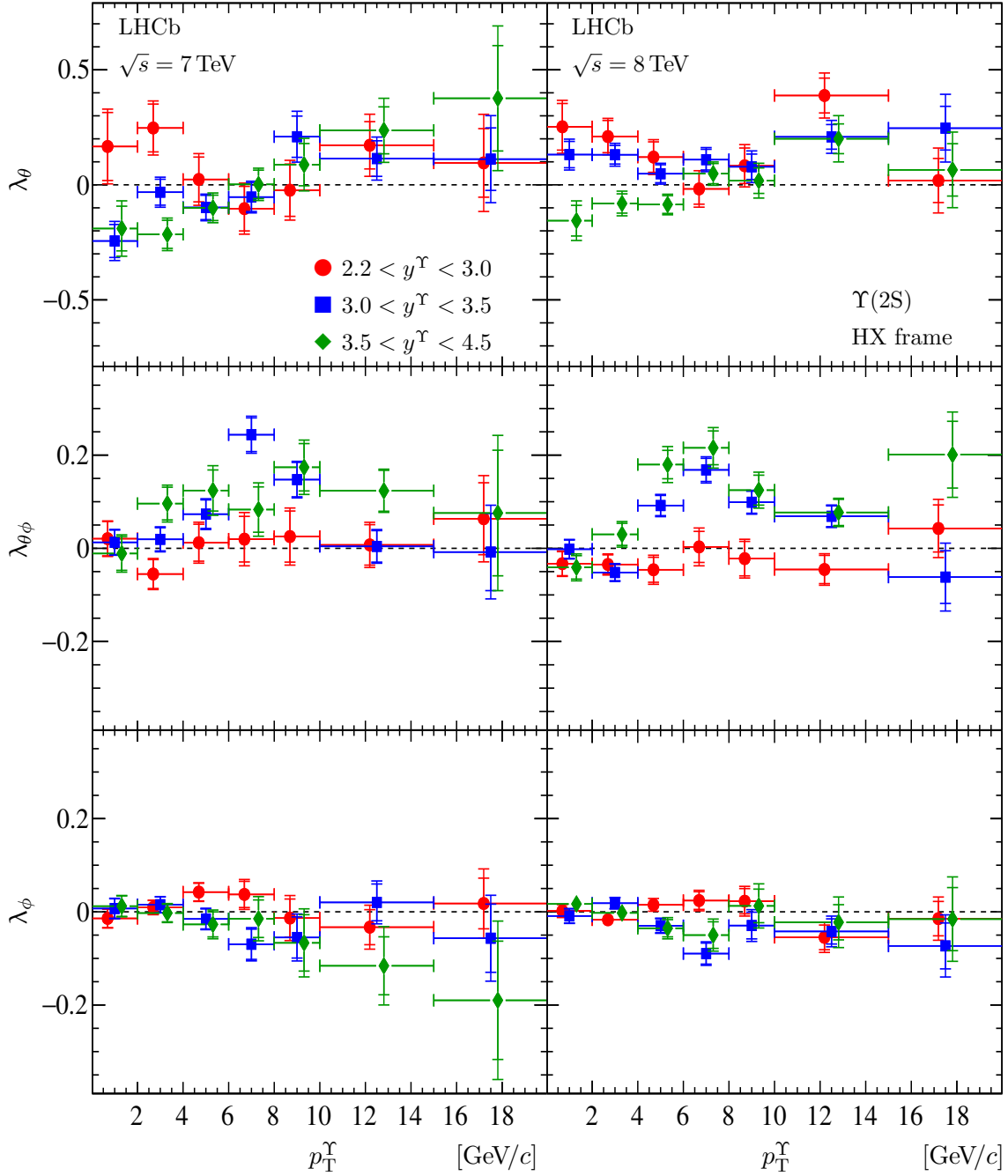


Figure 6. The polarization parameters (top) λ_θ , (middle) $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and (bottom) λ_ϕ , measured in the HX frame for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ state in different bins of p_T^Υ and three rapidity ranges, for data collected at (left) $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and (right) $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The results for the rapidity ranges $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$, $3.0 < y^\Upsilon < 3.5$ and $3.5 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The vertical inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. The horizontal error bars indicate the bin width. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

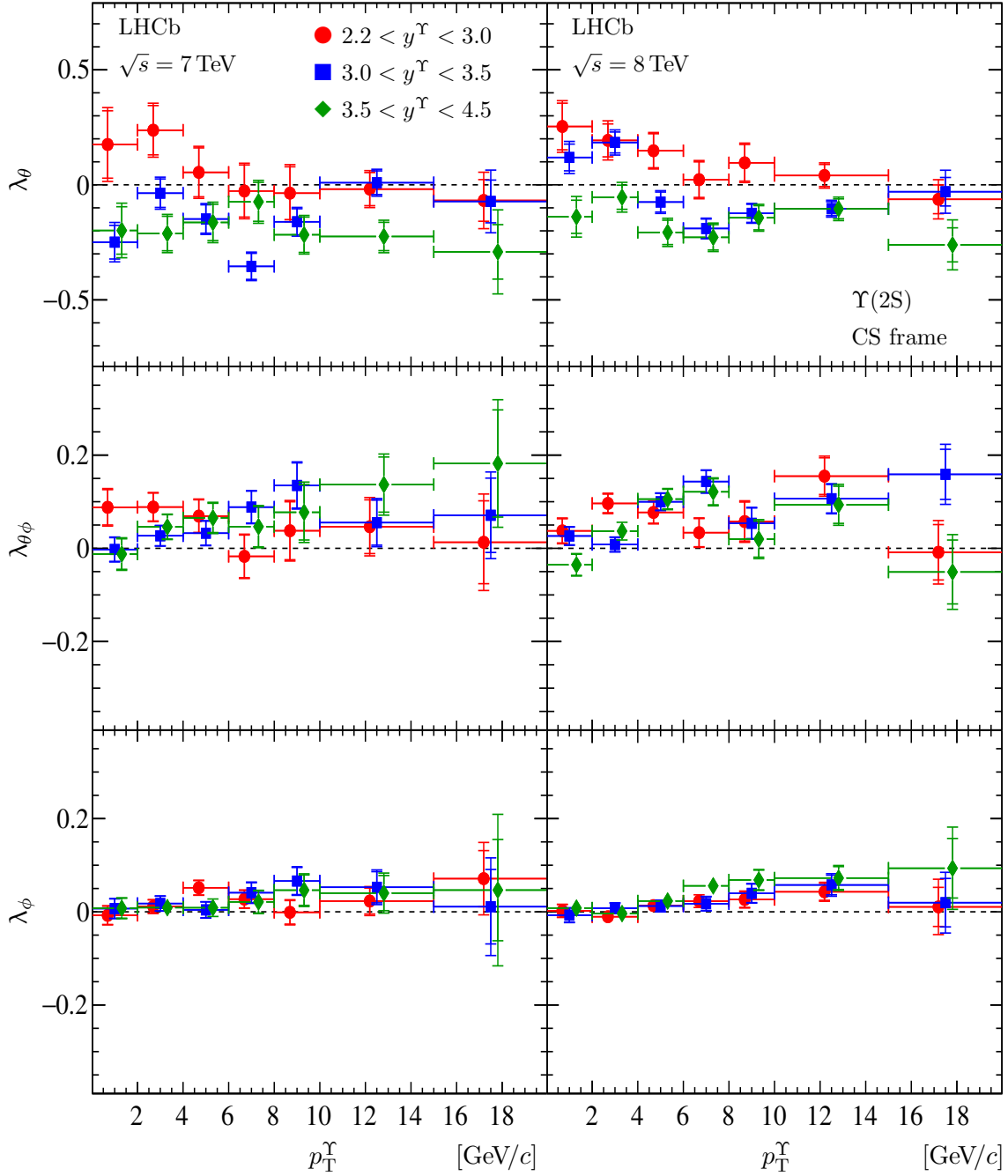


Figure 7. The polarization parameters (top) λ_θ , (middle) $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and (bottom) λ_ϕ , measured in the CS frame for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ state in different bins of p_T^Υ and three rapidity ranges, for data collected at (left) $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and (right) $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The results for the rapidity ranges $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$, $3.0 < y^\Upsilon < 3.5$ and $3.5 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The vertical inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. The horizontal error bars indicate the bin width. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

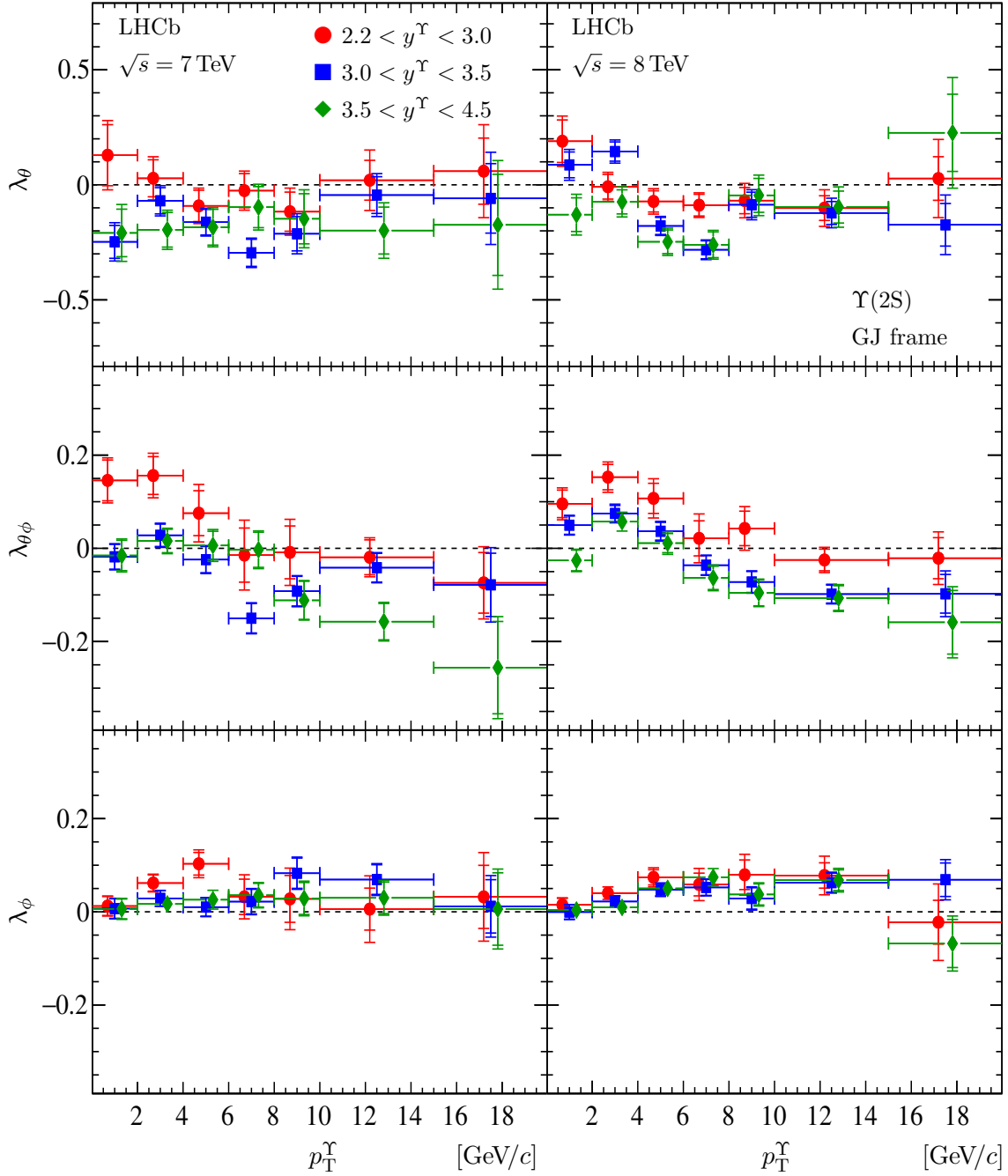


Figure 8. The polarization parameters (top) λ_θ , (middle) $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and (bottom) λ_ϕ , measured in the GJ frame for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ state in different bins of p_T^Υ and three rapidity ranges, for data collected at (left) $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and (right) $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The results for the rapidity ranges $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$, $3.0 < y^\Upsilon < 3.5$ and $3.5 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The vertical inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. The horizontal error bars indicate the bin width. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

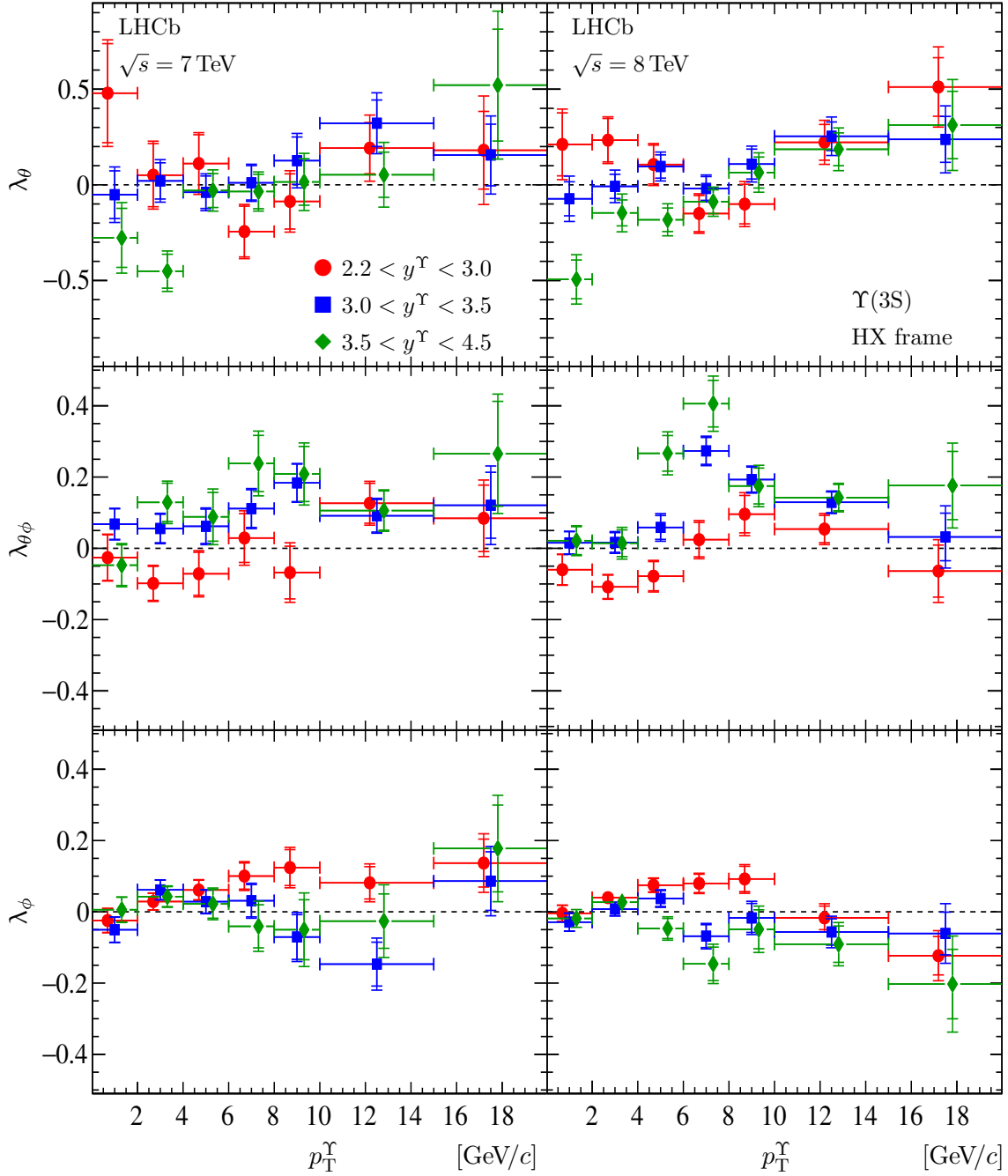


Figure 9. The polarization parameters (top) λ_θ , (middle) $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and (bottom) λ_ϕ , measured in the HX frame for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ state in different bins of p_T^Υ and three rapidity ranges, for data collected at (left) $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and (right) $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The results for the rapidity ranges $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$, $3.0 < y^\Upsilon < 3.5$ and $3.5 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The vertical inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. The horizontal error bars indicate the bin width. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

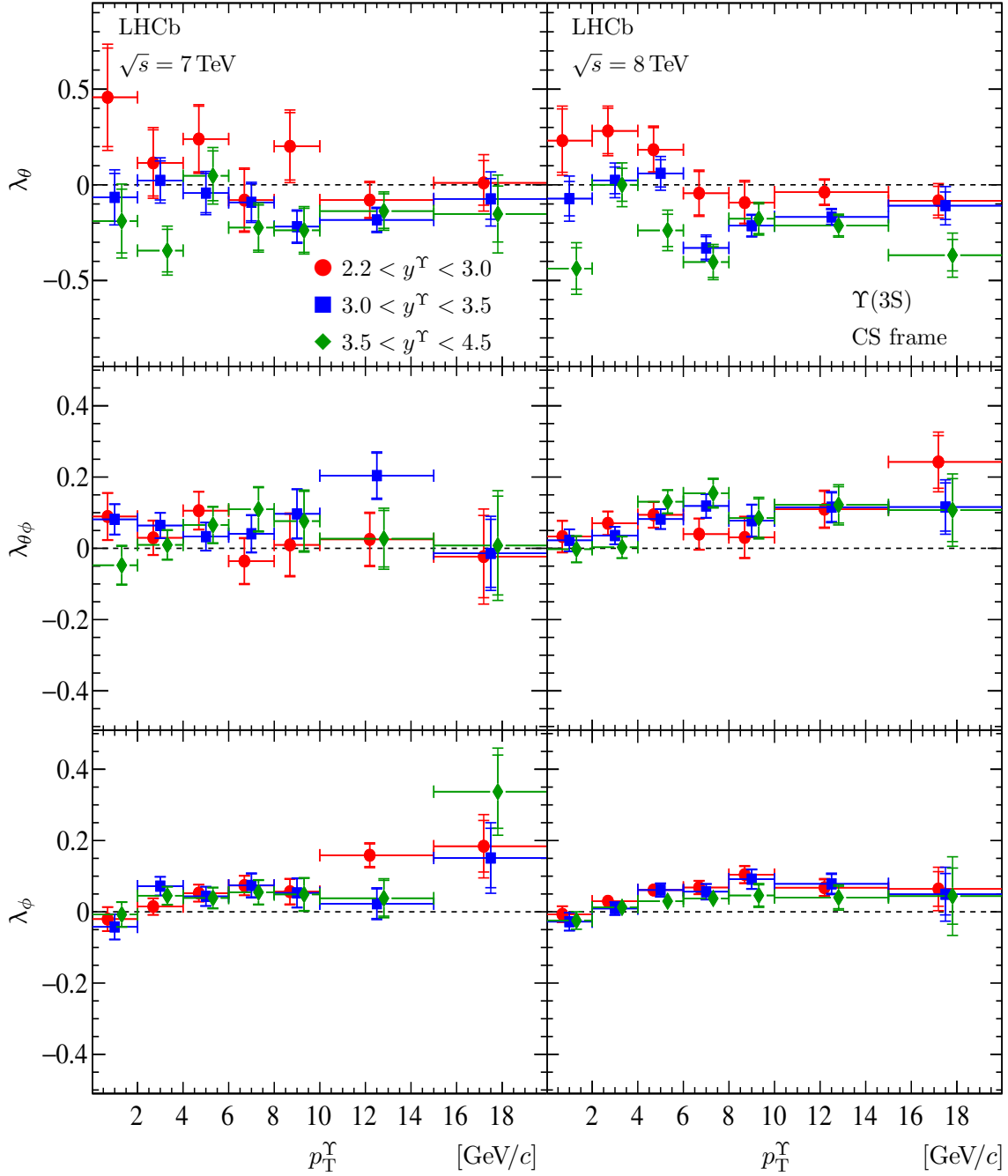


Figure 10. The polarization parameters λ_θ (top), $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ (middle) and λ_ϕ (bottom), measured in the CS frame for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ state in different bins of p_T^Υ and three rapidity ranges, for data collected at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV (left) and $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV (right). The results for the rapidity ranges $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$, $3.0 < y^\Upsilon < 3.5$ and $3.5 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The vertical inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. The horizontal error bars indicate the bin width. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

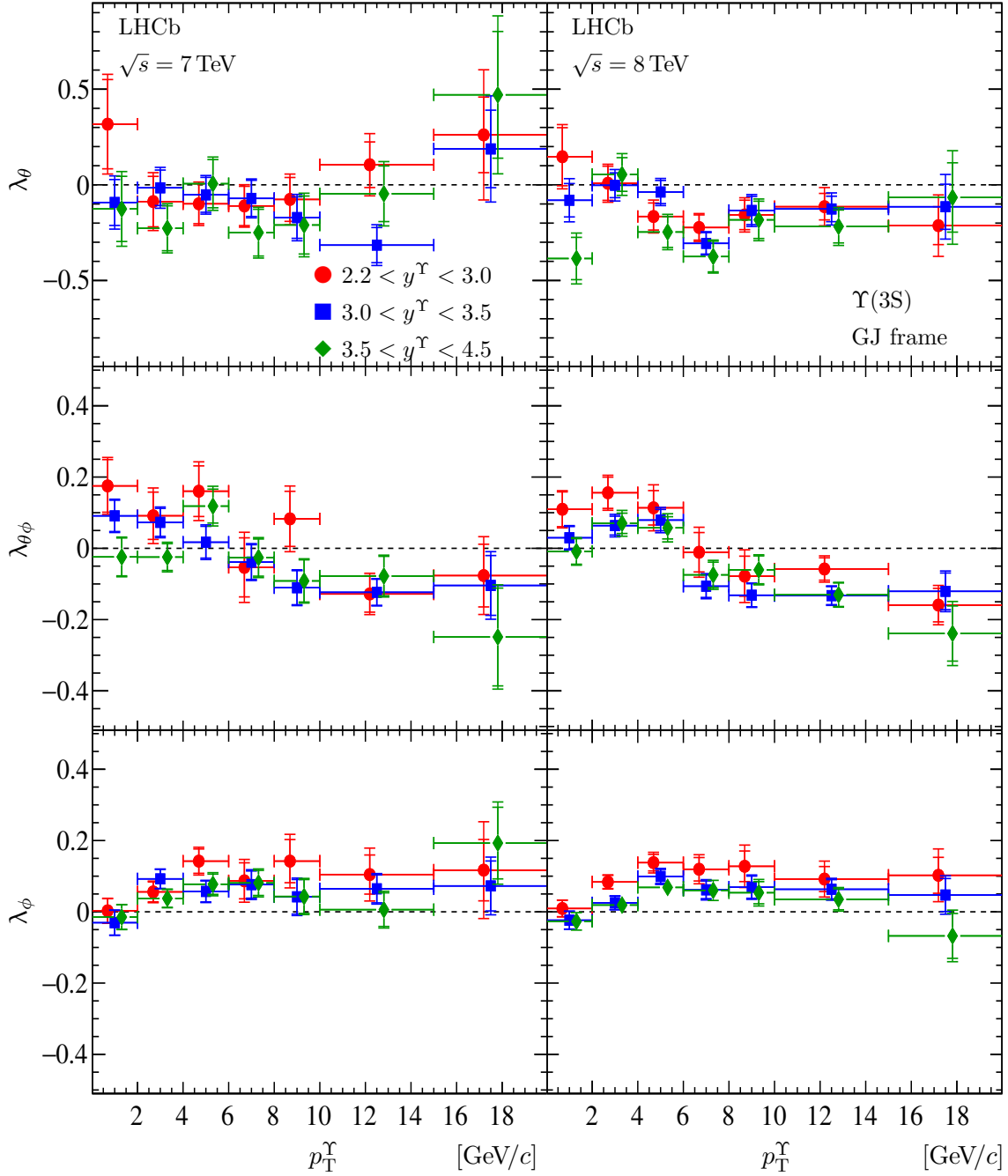


Figure 11. The polarization parameters λ_θ (top), $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ (middle) and λ_ϕ (bottom), measured in the GJ frame for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ state in different bins of p_T^Υ and three rapidity ranges, for data collected at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV (left) and $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV (right). The results for the rapidity ranges $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 3.0$, $3.0 < y^\Upsilon < 3.5$ and $3.5 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The vertical inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. The horizontal error bars indicate the bin width. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

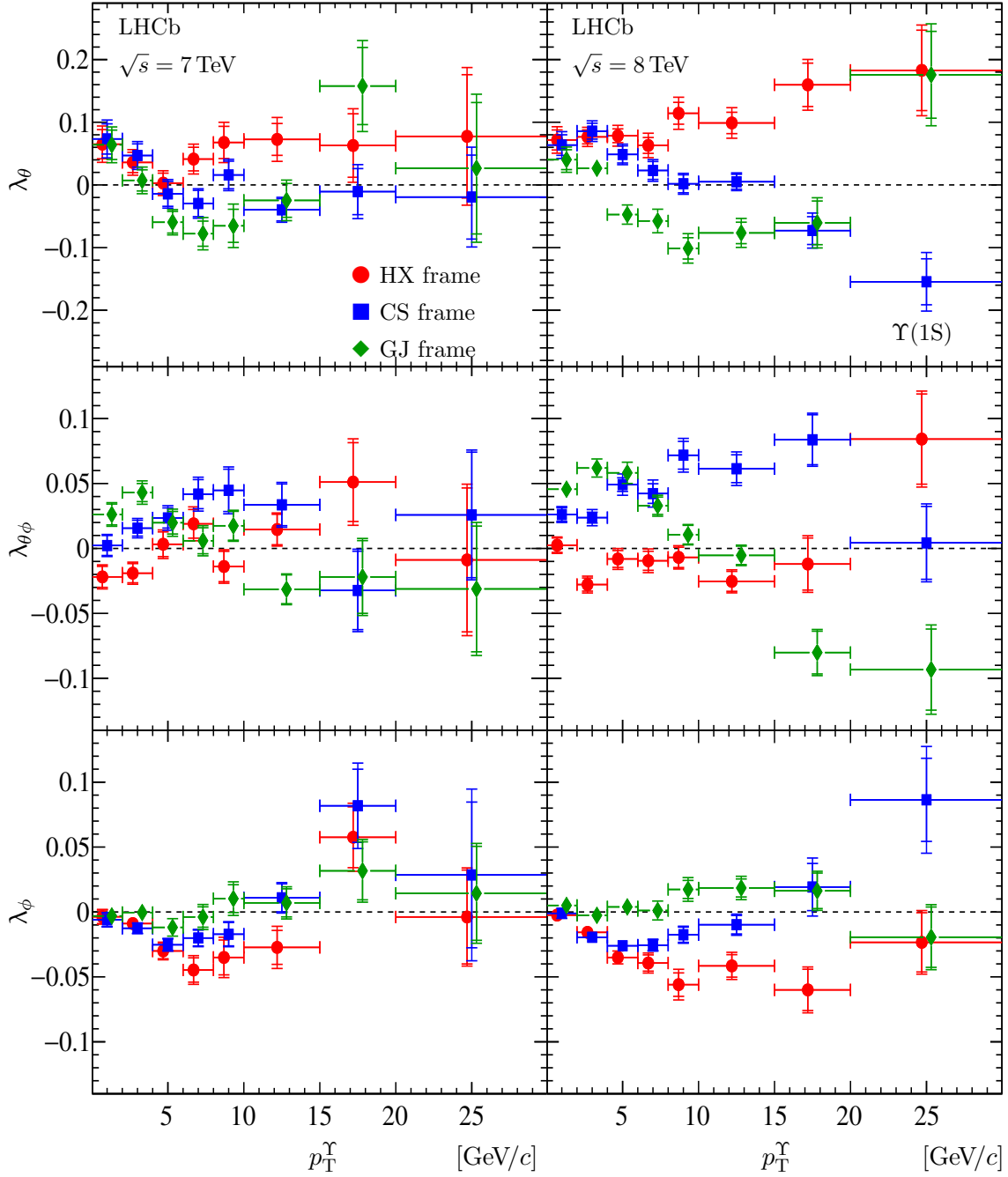


Figure 12. The polarization parameters (top) λ_θ , (middle) $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and (bottom) λ_ϕ , for $\Upsilon(1S)$ mesons as a function of p_T^Υ , for the rapidity range $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$, for data collected at (left) $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and (right) $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The results for the HX, CS and GJ frames are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

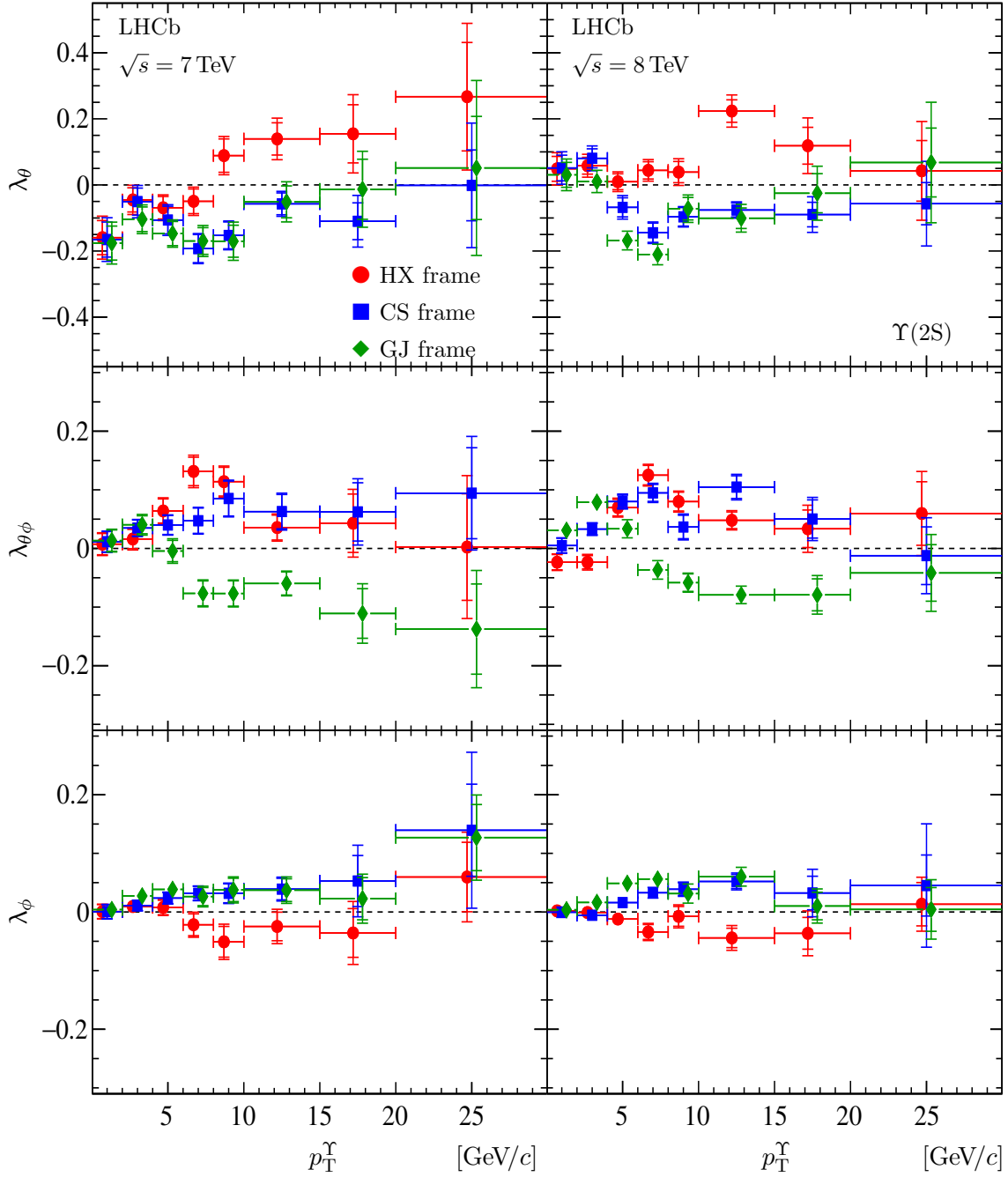


Figure 13. The polarization parameters (top) λ_θ , (middle) $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and (bottom) λ_ϕ , for $\Upsilon(2S)$ mesons as a function of p_T^Υ , for the rapidity range $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$, for data collected at (left) $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and (right) $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The results for the HX, CS and GJ frames are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

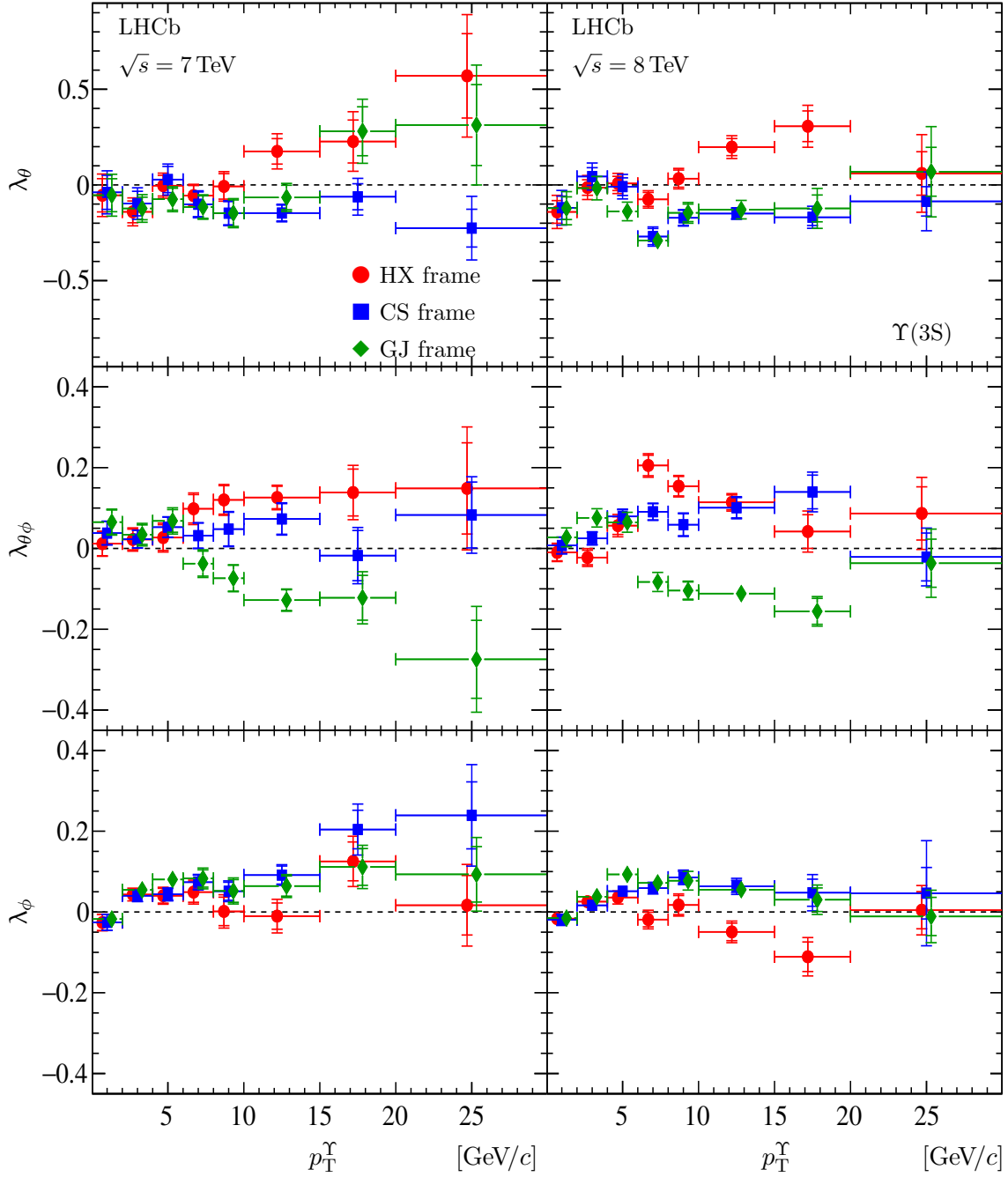


Figure 14. The polarization parameters (top) λ_θ , (middle) $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and (bottom) λ_ϕ , for $\Upsilon(3S)$ mesons as a function of p_T^Υ , for the rapidity range $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$, for data collected at (left) $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and (right) $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The results for the HX, CS and GJ frames are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

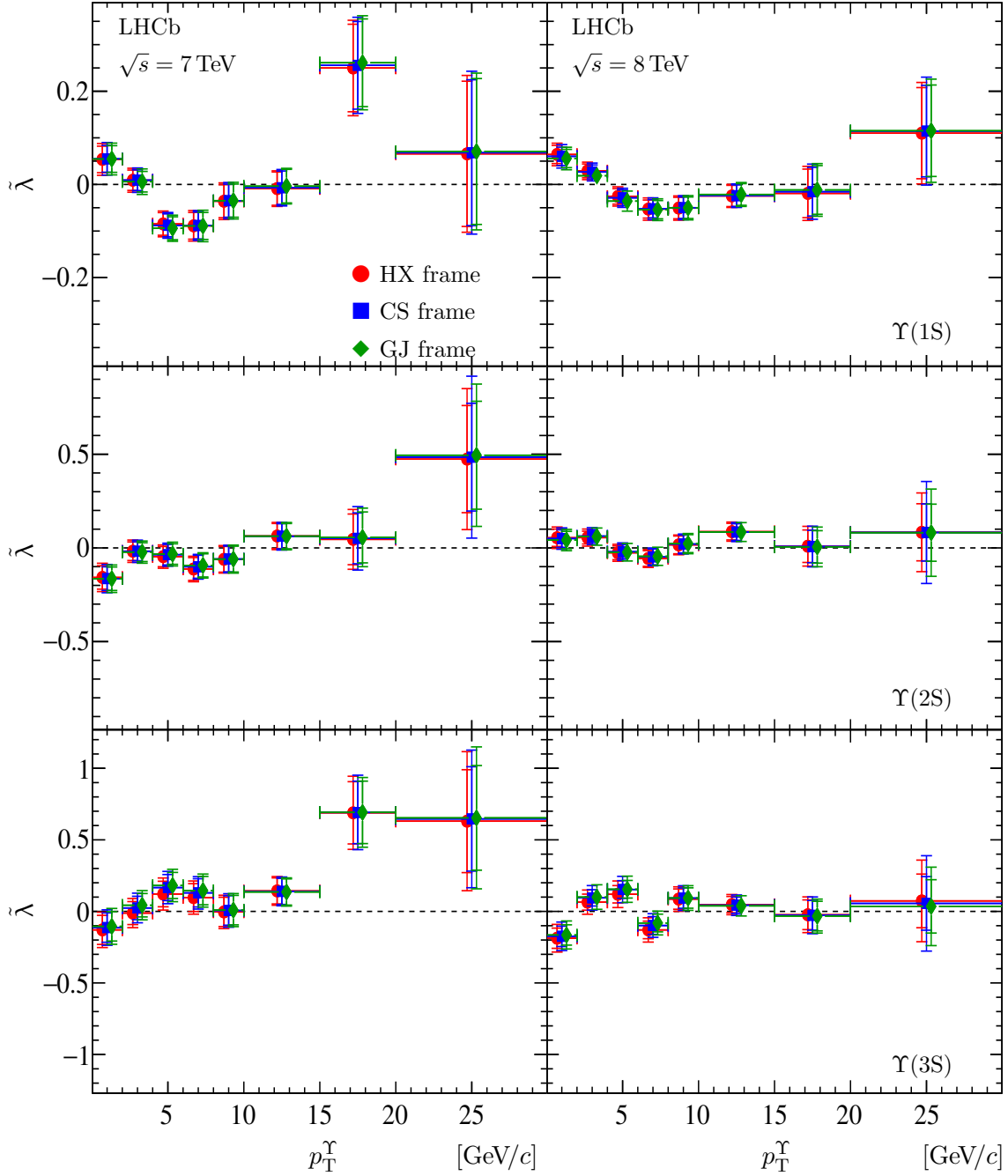


Figure 15. The polarization parameter $\tilde{\lambda}$ for (top) $\Upsilon(1S)$ mesons, (middle) $\Upsilon(2S)$ mesons and (bottom) $\Upsilon(3S)$ mesons as a function of p_T^Υ , for the rapidity range $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$, for data collected at (left) $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and (right) $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The results for the HX, CS and GJ frames are shown with red circles, blue squares and green diamonds, respectively. The inner error bars indicate the statistical uncertainty, whilst the outer error bars indicate the sum of the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature. Some data points are displaced from the bin centers to improve visibility.

7 Summary

A polarization analysis is carried out for the $\Upsilon(1S)$, $\Upsilon(2S)$ and $\Upsilon(3S)$ mesons in pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV at LHCb, corresponding to integrated luminosities of 1 and 2 fb $^{-1}$, respectively. The analysis is performed in the helicity, Collins-Soper and Gottfried-Jackson frames by studying the angular distribution of the μ^+ lepton in the rest frame of the Υ meson, in $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ decays. The angular distribution parameters λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and λ_ϕ , as well as the frame-invariant parameter $\tilde{\lambda}$, are measured as functions of the Υ transverse momentum p_T^Υ and rapidity y^Υ , in the regions $p_T^\Upsilon < 30$ GeV/ c and $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$.

The values of the λ_θ parameter obtained for all the Υ mesons show no large transverse or longitudinal polarization in all frames over the accessible phase space domain. The values of the $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and λ_ϕ parameters are small in all frames over the accessible kinematic region. The values of the frame-invariant parameter $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames are consistent. The polarization results corresponding to $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV are in good agreement. The Υ polarization results agree with the results obtained by the CMS collaboration [33].

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p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
0 – 2	λ_θ	$0.220 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.042$	$0.104 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.027$	$-0.098 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.035$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.039 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.007$	$-0.041 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.006$	$0.041 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.010$
	λ_ϕ	$0.009 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.004$	$-0.004 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.005$	$-0.024 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.004$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.249 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.045$	$0.092 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.032$	$-0.167 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.036$
2 – 4	λ_θ	$0.175 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.025$	$0.053 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.020$	$-0.057 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.027$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.075 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.007$	$-0.009 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.006$	$0.034 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.015$
	λ_ϕ	$0.000 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.002$	$-0.002 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.003$	$-0.033 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.005$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.176 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.029$	$0.047 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.026$	$-0.151 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.036$
4 – 6	λ_θ	$0.069 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.037$	$0.055 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.017$	$-0.077 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.021$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.069 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.015$	$0.009 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.009$	$0.078 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.016$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.006 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.005$	$-0.041 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.006$	$-0.053 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.050 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.045$	$-0.066 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.025$	$-0.223 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.035$
6 – 8	λ_θ	$0.057 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.034$	$0.036 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.024$	$0.062 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.026$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.029 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.023$	$0.021 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.009$	$0.060 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.017$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.030 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.013$	$-0.055 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.010$	$-0.048 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.019$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.031 \pm 0.064 \pm 0.054$	$-0.121 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.025$	$-0.079 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.041$
8 – 10	λ_θ	$0.076 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.044$	$0.117 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.034$	$0.076 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.039$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.068 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.016$	$-0.022 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.006$	$0.035 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.012$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.004 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.011$	$-0.048 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.014$	$-0.062 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.024$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.065 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.045$	$-0.024 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.024$	$-0.103 \pm 0.070 \pm 0.038$
10 – 15	λ_θ	$-0.021 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.029$	$0.123 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.030$	$0.135 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.048$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.009 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.010$	$-0.003 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.009$	$0.070 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.007$
	λ_ϕ	$0.009 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.010$	$-0.059 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.013$	$-0.047 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.024$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.006 \pm 0.064 \pm 0.026$	$-0.052 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.026$	$-0.005 \pm 0.076 \pm 0.033$
15 – 20	λ_θ	$0.032 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.045$	$0.046 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.049$	$0.082 \pm 0.111 \pm 0.058$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.096 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.015$	$0.007 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.022$	$0.104 \pm 0.072 \pm 0.027$
	λ_ϕ	$0.008 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.013$	$0.099 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.018$	$0.119 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.022$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.055 \pm 0.130 \pm 0.044$	$0.382 \pm 0.175 \pm 0.083$	$0.500 \pm 0.252 \pm 0.094$

Table 2. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the HX frame for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

A Polarization results for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ state

Values of the polarization parameters λ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ meson are presented in tables 2 and 3 for the HX frame, in tables 4 and 5 for the CS frame and in tables 6 and 7 for the GJ frame for $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV, respectively. The polarization parameters λ measured in the wide rapidity bin $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ are presented in tables 8 and 9, while the parameters $\tilde{\lambda}$ are listed in table 10.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
$0 - 2$	λ_θ	$0.190 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.030$	$0.092 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.020$	$0.012 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.031$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.009 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.005$	$0.019 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.004$	$-0.013 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.007 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$	$0.002 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$	$0.001 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.168 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.032$	$0.098 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.023$	$0.014 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.033$
$2 - 4$	λ_θ	$0.208 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.028$	$0.104 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.014$	$-0.017 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.021$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.077 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.007$	$-0.023 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.005$	$0.020 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.010$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.006 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.002$	$-0.026 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.003$	$-0.020 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.004$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.189 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.030$	$0.025 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.017$	$-0.076 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.028$
$4 - 6$	λ_θ	$0.179 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.025$	$0.102 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.014$	$0.035 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.017$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.057 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.010$	$-0.012 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.007$	$0.040 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.014$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.026 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.004$	$-0.030 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.004$	$-0.054 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.098 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.031$	$0.012 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.020$	$-0.119 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.030$
$6 - 8$	λ_θ	$0.129 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.025$	$0.084 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.017$	$0.038 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.017$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.060 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.012$	$-0.020 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.008$	$0.040 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.014$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.040 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.007$	$-0.031 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$	$-0.039 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.012$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.009 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.030$	$-0.007 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.020$	$-0.077 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.029$
$8 - 10$	λ_θ	$0.097 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.030$	$0.129 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.022$	$0.180 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.037$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.048 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.011$	$-0.027 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.006$	$0.059 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.010$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.030 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.011$	$-0.062 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.009$	$-0.099 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.022$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.007 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.030$	$-0.052 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.015$	$-0.107 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.033$
$10 - 15$	λ_θ	$0.124 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.030$	$0.086 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.020$	$0.146 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.037$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.069 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.008$	$-0.009 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.007$	$-0.012 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.007$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.042 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.009$	$-0.034 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.008$	$-0.048 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.019$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.002 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.022$	$-0.017 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.018$	$0.001 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.031$
$15 - 20$	λ_θ	$0.041 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.036$	$0.239 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.032$	$0.245 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.049$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.040 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.015$	$-0.006 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.019$	$0.071 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.027$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.062 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.012$	$-0.044 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.014$	$-0.063 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.025$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.137 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.036$	$0.102 \pm 0.098 \pm 0.045$	$0.052 \pm 0.126 \pm 0.067$

Table 3. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the HX frame for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
0 – 2	λ_θ	$0.243 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.036$	$0.114 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.026$	$-0.109 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.034$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.014 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.008$	$-0.017 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.004$	$0.047 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.007$
	λ_ϕ	$0.007 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.003$	$-0.008 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.003$	$-0.021 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.004$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.265 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.038$	$0.089 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.028$	$-0.168 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.036$
2 – 4	λ_θ	$0.238 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.031$	$0.055 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.022$	$-0.084 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.030$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.022 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.006$	$0.020 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.003$	$0.041 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.006$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.011 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$	$-0.002 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.003$	$-0.027 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.003$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.204 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.033$	$0.048 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.024$	$-0.160 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.033$
4 – 6	λ_θ	$0.139 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.030$	$0.008 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.018$	$-0.168 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.021$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.002 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.008$	$0.049 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.005$	$0.048 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.008$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.026 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.003$	$-0.027 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.003$	$-0.025 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.003$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.059 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.033$	$-0.072 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.021$	$-0.238 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.024$
6 – 8	λ_θ	$0.064 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.025$	$-0.045 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.018$	$-0.083 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.024$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.020 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.010$	$0.047 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.007$	$0.070 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.009$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.029 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.004$	$-0.028 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.004$	$-0.001 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.005$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.023 \pm 0.065 \pm 0.031$	$-0.125 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.022$	$-0.086 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.032$
8 – 10	λ_θ	$0.126 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.027$	$0.030 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.018$	$-0.071 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.020$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.020 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.012$	$0.079 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.009$	$0.064 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.014$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.020 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.005$	$-0.019 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.007$	$-0.011 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.007$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.063 \pm 0.078 \pm 0.035$	$-0.027 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.026$	$-0.102 \pm 0.070 \pm 0.029$
10 – 15	λ_θ	$0.012 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.018$	$-0.039 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.014$	$-0.124 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.017$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.037 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.012$	$0.072 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.010$	$0.069 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.015$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.005 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.008$	$-0.003 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.009$	$0.039 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.010$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.004 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.022$	$-0.049 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.024$	$-0.009 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.035$
15 – 20	λ_θ	$-0.112 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.031$	$0.088 \pm 0.064 \pm 0.044$	$-0.002 \pm 0.087 \pm 0.060$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.048 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.021$	$-0.030 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.016$	$-0.087 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.021$
	λ_ϕ	$0.053 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.025$	$0.092 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.030$	$0.147 \pm 0.065 \pm 0.032$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.049 \pm 0.129 \pm 0.061$	$0.401 \pm 0.176 \pm 0.079$	$0.514 \pm 0.253 \pm 0.090$

Table 4. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the CS frame for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
0 – 2	λ_θ	$0.190 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.030$	$0.078 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.021$	$0.002 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.031$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.038 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.006$	$0.039 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.004$	$0.007 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.005$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.005 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.002$	$0.006 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$	$-0.001 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.173 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.031$	$0.096 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.024$	$-0.003 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.033$
2 – 4	λ_θ	$0.251 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.022$	$0.109 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.014$	$-0.045 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.024$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.029 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.006$	$0.031 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.003$	$0.043 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.005$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.015 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.002$	$-0.027 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.002$	$-0.017 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.002$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.202 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.023$	$0.027 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.017$	$-0.095 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.025$
4 – 6	λ_θ	$0.197 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.021$	$0.071 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.015$	$-0.049 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.025$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.066 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.006$	$0.052 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.004$	$0.067 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.006$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.026 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.003$	$-0.021 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$	$-0.028 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.116 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.026$	$0.008 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.018$	$-0.130 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.027$
6 – 8	λ_θ	$0.125 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.021$	$0.051 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.017$	$-0.062 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.021$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.048 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.008$	$0.049 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.004$	$0.050 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.008$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.040 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.003$	$-0.020 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.003$	$-0.007 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.004$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.006 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.026$	$-0.010 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.021$	$-0.082 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.027$
8 – 10	λ_θ	$0.069 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.020$	$0.030 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.012$	$-0.100 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.015$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.035 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.010$	$0.086 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.007$	$0.123 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.011$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.025 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.004$	$-0.028 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.005$	$-0.002 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.005$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.006 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.027$	$-0.053 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.018$	$-0.106 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.024$
10 – 15	λ_θ	$0.058 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.014$	$-0.012 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.011$	$-0.017 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.014$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.069 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.009$	$0.048 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.007$	$0.090 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.009$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.026 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.006$	$-0.001 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.007$	$0.005 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.019 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.022$	$-0.014 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.019$	$-0.001 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.028$
15 – 20	λ_θ	$-0.032 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.023$	$-0.068 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.027$	$-0.176 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.035$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.049 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.013$	$0.105 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.013$	$0.072 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.020$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.038 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.020$	$0.055 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.019$	$0.080 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.030$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.140 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.043$	$0.102 \pm 0.098 \pm 0.046$	$0.068 \pm 0.127 \pm 0.071$

Table 5. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the CS frame for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
$0 - 2$	λ_θ	$0.218 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.042$	$0.106 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.022$	$-0.120 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.037$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.064 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.014$	$0.007 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.005$	$0.050 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.007$
	λ_ϕ	$0.014 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.005$	$-0.008 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.004$	$-0.014 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.004$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.264 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.048$	$0.082 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.025$	$-0.161 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.040$
$2 - 4$	λ_θ	$0.153 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.032$	$0.018 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.017$	$-0.125 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.027$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.108 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.019$	$0.041 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.005$	$0.034 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.006$
	λ_ϕ	$0.017 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.006$	$0.009 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.003$	$-0.014 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.003$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.208 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.049$	$0.046 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.022$	$-0.166 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.030$
$4 - 6$	λ_θ	$0.065 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.025$	$-0.072 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.017$	$-0.201 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.023$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.066 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.029$	$0.041 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.005$	$-0.025 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.008$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.005 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.015$	$-0.003 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.004$	$-0.018 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.004$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.048 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.064$	$-0.079 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.021$	$-0.250 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.027$
$6 - 8$	λ_θ	$0.008 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.022$	$-0.101 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.017$	$-0.144 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.026$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.045 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.030$	$0.002 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.008$	$-0.020 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.009$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.012 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.022$	$-0.010 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.007$	$0.017 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.006$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.027 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.063$	$-0.129 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.022$	$-0.093 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.031$
$8 - 10$	λ_θ	$0.019 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.040$	$-0.119 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.030$	$-0.120 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.035$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.068 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.020$	$0.026 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.006$	$-0.028 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.008$
	λ_ϕ	$0.012 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.028$	$0.030 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.008$	$0.006 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.054 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.059$	$-0.029 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.021$	$-0.103 \pm 0.070 \pm 0.029$
$10 - 15$	λ_θ	$0.088 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.051$	$-0.086 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.031$	$-0.078 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.033$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.018 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.007$	$-0.032 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.008$	$-0.097 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.008$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.034 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.024$	$0.014 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.009$	$0.022 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.007$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.012 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.029$	$-0.044 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.028$	$-0.011 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.031$
$15 - 20$	λ_θ	$0.161 \pm 0.096 \pm 0.058$	$0.150 \pm 0.103 \pm 0.062$	$0.336 \pm 0.164 \pm 0.083$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.043 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.017$	$0.007 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.015$	$-0.008 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.028$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.039 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.024$	$0.079 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.012$	$0.054 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.017$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.043 \pm 0.129 \pm 0.051$	$0.419 \pm 0.177 \pm 0.078$	$0.527 \pm 0.254 \pm 0.101$

Table 6. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the GJ frame for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
$0 - 2$	λ_θ	$0.154 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.029$	$0.052 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.023$	$-0.022 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.033$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.080 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.007$	$0.054 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.004$	$0.023 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.005$
	λ_ϕ	$0.005 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$	$0.013 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$	$0.001 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.170 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.034$	$0.092 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.025$	$-0.018 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.034$
$2 - 4$	λ_θ	$0.144 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.024$	$0.049 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.016$	$-0.106 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.023$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.111 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.014$	$0.072 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.005$	$0.045 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.006$
	λ_ϕ	$0.014 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.004$	$-0.009 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.003$	$-0.002 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.002$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.187 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.036$	$0.023 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.023$	$-0.112 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.025$
$4 - 6$	λ_θ	$0.027 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.022$	$-0.031 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.012$	$-0.138 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.021$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.124 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.016$	$0.066 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.005$	$0.030 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.007$
	λ_ϕ	$0.026 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.008$	$0.011 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$	$-0.002 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.109 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.042$	$0.002 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.018$	$-0.142 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.024$
$6 - 8$	λ_θ	$-0.011 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.019$	$-0.056 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.017$	$-0.111 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.020$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.078 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.019$	$0.046 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.006$	$-0.012 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.007$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.001 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.015$	$0.014 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.005$	$0.007 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.004$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.014 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.045$	$-0.013 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.020$	$-0.090 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.025$
$8 - 10$	λ_θ	$-0.014 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.026$	$-0.125 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.019$	$-0.200 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.024$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.039 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.015$	$0.030 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.005$	$-0.044 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.006$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.004 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.019$	$0.024 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.007$	$0.033 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.006$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.026 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.043$	$-0.054 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.017$	$-0.106 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.024$
$10 - 15$	λ_θ	$-0.073 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.032$	$-0.053 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.020$	$-0.118 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.028$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.025 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.006$	$-0.015 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.005$	$-0.031 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.006$
	λ_ϕ	$0.012 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.017$	$0.014 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.006$	$0.039 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.007$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.036 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.025$	$-0.010 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.021$	$-0.001 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.030$
$15 - 20$	λ_θ	$-0.079 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.043$	$-0.055 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.031$	$0.047 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.055$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.018 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.013$	$-0.103 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.010$	$-0.158 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.014$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.023 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.020$	$0.051 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.010$	$0.012 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.011$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.144 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.039$	$0.102 \pm 0.098 \pm 0.044$	$0.084 \pm 0.128 \pm 0.060$

Table 7. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the GJ frame for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^{Υ} [GeV/c]		λ_{θ}	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	λ_{ϕ}
0 – 2	HX	$0.065 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.017$	$-0.022 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.005$	$-0.004 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.002$
	CS	$0.073 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.018$	$0.002 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.004$	$-0.006 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.002$
	GJ	$0.064 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.016$	$0.026 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.004$	$-0.003 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.002$
2 – 4	HX	$0.036 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.012$	$-0.019 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.004$	$-0.009 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.002$
	CS	$0.047 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.012$	$0.016 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.004$	$-0.013 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.002$
	GJ	$0.007 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.013$	$0.043 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.006$	$0.000 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.003$
4 – 6	HX	$0.003 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.012$	$0.003 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.006$	$-0.030 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$
	CS	$-0.014 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.011$	$0.023 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.005$	$-0.025 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.002$
	GJ	$-0.060 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.010$	$0.020 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.006$	$-0.012 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.004$
6 – 8	HX	$0.041 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.015$	$0.019 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$	$-0.045 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.006$
	CS	$-0.030 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.011$	$0.042 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$	$-0.020 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$
	GJ	$-0.078 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.016$	$0.006 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.006$	$-0.004 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.006$
8 – 10	HX	$0.068 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.019$	$-0.014 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.005$	$-0.035 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.008$
	CS	$0.016 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.012$	$0.045 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.008$	$-0.017 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.003$
	GJ	$-0.065 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.023$	$0.017 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.004$	$0.010 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$
10 – 15	HX	$0.073 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.024$	$0.015 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.005$	$-0.027 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.010$
	CS	$-0.040 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.009$	$0.034 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.006$	$0.011 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.005$
	GJ	$-0.025 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.018$	$-0.031 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.004$	$0.007 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.006$
15 – 20	HX	$0.063 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.030$	$0.051 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.014$	$0.058 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.012$
	CS	$-0.011 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.023$	$-0.032 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.010$	$0.082 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.017$
	GJ	$0.158 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.039$	$-0.022 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.010$	$0.032 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.009$
20 – 30	HX	$0.077 \pm 0.098 \pm 0.049$	$-0.009 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.018$	$-0.004 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.011$
	CS	$-0.019 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.043$	$0.026 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.013$	$0.029 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.035$
	GJ	$0.027 \pm 0.105 \pm 0.054$	$-0.031 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.017$	$0.014 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.013$

Table 8. Values of λ_{θ} , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and λ_{ϕ} measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV in the rapidity range $2.2 < y^{\Upsilon} < 4.5$. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]		λ_θ	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	λ_ϕ
0 – 2	HX	$0.072 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.014$	$0.003 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$	$-0.002 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.001$
	CS	$0.064 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.014$	$0.026 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.003$	$-0.001 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.002$
	GJ	$0.040 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.012$	$0.046 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.004$	$0.005 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.001$
2 – 4	HX	$0.077 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.011$	$-0.028 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.004$	$-0.016 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.002$
	CS	$0.086 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.010$	$0.024 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.005$	$-0.020 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.001$
	GJ	$0.027 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$	$0.062 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.005$	$-0.003 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.002$
4 – 6	HX	$0.078 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.012$	$-0.008 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.005$	$-0.035 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.003$
	CS	$0.049 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.009$	$0.049 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.006$	$-0.026 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.002$
	GJ	$-0.047 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.010$	$0.058 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.006$	$0.004 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.004$
6 – 8	HX	$0.063 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.015$	$-0.010 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.005$	$-0.039 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.005$
	CS	$0.023 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.010$	$0.042 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.007$	$-0.026 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.002$
	GJ	$-0.058 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.013$	$0.033 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.005$	$0.001 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.005$
8 – 10	HX	$0.114 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.019$	$-0.007 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.004$	$-0.056 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.008$
	CS	$0.002 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.008$	$0.072 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$	$-0.018 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$
	GJ	$-0.101 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.016$	$0.011 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.003$	$0.017 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.006$
10 – 15	HX	$0.099 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.017$	$-0.025 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.004$	$-0.042 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.006$
	CS	$0.005 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.008$	$0.061 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$	$-0.010 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.004$
	GJ	$-0.077 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.016$	$-0.005 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.003$	$0.018 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.006$
15 – 20	HX	$0.160 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.021$	$-0.012 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.009$	$-0.060 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.008$
	CS	$-0.073 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.017$	$0.084 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.007$	$0.019 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.013$
	GJ	$-0.060 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.020$	$-0.080 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.007$	$0.016 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.006$
20 – 30	HX	$0.183 \pm 0.064 \pm 0.033$	$0.084 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.013$	$-0.023 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.009$
	CS	$-0.155 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.029$	$0.004 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.011$	$0.086 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.026$
	GJ	$0.176 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.043$	$-0.093 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.014$	$-0.019 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.009$

Table 9. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and λ_ϕ measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV in the rapidity range $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	$\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV
0 – 2	HX	$0.054 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.019$	$0.064 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.014$
	CS	$0.055 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.020$	$0.060 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.016$
	GJ	$0.055 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.018$	$0.056 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.014$
2 – 4	HX	$0.009 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.014$	$0.029 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.011$
	CS	$0.009 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.014$	$0.027 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.012$
	GJ	$0.006 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.016$	$0.019 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.010$
4 – 6	HX	$-0.085 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.013$	$-0.026 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.012$
	CS	$-0.088 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.013$	$-0.029 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.012$
	GJ	$-0.094 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.013$	$-0.036 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.013$
6 – 8	HX	$-0.089 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.016$	$-0.053 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.014$
	CS	$-0.088 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.014$	$-0.052 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.013$
	GJ	$-0.089 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.017$	$-0.054 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.013$
8 – 10	HX	$-0.036 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.017$	$-0.051 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.012$
	CS	$-0.035 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.016$	$-0.050 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.012$
	GJ	$-0.035 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.017$	$-0.050 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.012$
10 – 15	HX	$-0.009 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.014$	$-0.025 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.010$
	CS	$-0.007 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.016$	$-0.024 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.010$
	GJ	$-0.004 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.013$	$-0.022 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.011$
15 – 20	HX	$0.250 \pm 0.094 \pm 0.041$	$-0.019 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.025$
	CS	$0.256 \pm 0.094 \pm 0.042$	$-0.016 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.028$
	GJ	$0.261 \pm 0.094 \pm 0.036$	$-0.012 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.022$
20 – 30	HX	$0.066 \pm 0.156 \pm 0.063$	$0.110 \pm 0.098 \pm 0.048$
	CS	$0.068 \pm 0.156 \pm 0.078$	$0.114 \pm 0.098 \pm 0.061$
	GJ	$0.071 \pm 0.157 \pm 0.061$	$0.115 \pm 0.098 \pm 0.051$

Table 10. Values of $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames for the $\Upsilon(1S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV in the rapidity range $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^{Υ} [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
0 – 2	λ_θ	$0.167 \pm 0.148 \pm 0.068$	$-0.244 \pm 0.072 \pm 0.046$	$-0.190 \pm 0.097 \pm 0.071$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.021 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.010$	$0.013 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.009$	$-0.011 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.017$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.014 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.006$	$0.007 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.007$	$0.012 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.007$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.123 \pm 0.158 \pm 0.071$	$-0.224 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.052$	$-0.155 \pm 0.119 \pm 0.074$
2 – 4	λ_θ	$0.247 \pm 0.104 \pm 0.055$	$-0.032 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.033$	$-0.215 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.036$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.055 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.012$	$0.019 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.010$	$0.096 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.018$
	λ_ϕ	$0.009 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.004$	$0.015 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.005$	$-0.003 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.278 \pm 0.120 \pm 0.062$	$0.014 \pm 0.082 \pm 0.042$	$-0.223 \pm 0.088 \pm 0.051$
4 – 6	λ_θ	$0.023 \pm 0.097 \pm 0.056$	$-0.098 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.024$	$-0.100 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.034$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.012 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.019$	$0.073 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.012$	$0.124 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.030$
	λ_ϕ	$0.042 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.007$	$-0.015 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.008$	$-0.027 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.015$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.157 \pm 0.129 \pm 0.070$	$-0.142 \pm 0.085 \pm 0.032$	$-0.176 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.063$
6 – 8	λ_θ	$-0.103 \pm 0.097 \pm 0.054$	$-0.053 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.029$	$0.002 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.033$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.020 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.030$	$0.244 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.016$	$0.083 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.030$
	λ_ϕ	$0.037 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.016$	$-0.070 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.015$	$-0.015 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.025$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.009 \pm 0.140 \pm 0.079$	$-0.245 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.032$	$-0.042 \pm 0.121 \pm 0.069$
8 – 10	λ_θ	$-0.023 \pm 0.114 \pm 0.063$	$0.209 \pm 0.090 \pm 0.065$	$0.088 \pm 0.092 \pm 0.068$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.025 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.027$	$0.147 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.013$	$0.174 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.029$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.013 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.026$	$-0.055 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.024$	$-0.067 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.041$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.063 \pm 0.148 \pm 0.072$	$0.042 \pm 0.119 \pm 0.037$	$-0.105 \pm 0.138 \pm 0.061$
10 – 15	λ_θ	$0.172 \pm 0.103 \pm 0.087$	$0.114 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.053$	$0.237 \pm 0.102 \pm 0.095$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.007 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.022$	$0.004 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.013$	$0.123 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.015$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.033 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.028$	$0.020 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.024$	$-0.116 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.057$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.071 \pm 0.119 \pm 0.057$	$0.178 \pm 0.123 \pm 0.055$	$-0.099 \pm 0.131 \pm 0.080$
15 – 20	λ_θ	$0.095 \pm 0.149 \pm 0.150$	$0.112 \pm 0.136 \pm 0.132$	$0.376 \pm 0.229 \pm 0.216$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.063 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.051$	$-0.008 \pm 0.083 \pm 0.057$	$0.076 \pm 0.135 \pm 0.098$
	λ_ϕ	$0.018 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.050$	$-0.057 \pm 0.073 \pm 0.056$	$-0.190 \pm 0.127 \pm 0.113$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.152 \pm 0.207 \pm 0.162$	$-0.055 \pm 0.229 \pm 0.164$	$-0.163 \pm 0.312 \pm 0.191$

Table 11. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the HX frame for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

B Polarization results for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ state

Values of the polarization parameters λ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ meson are presented in tables 11 and 12 for the HX frame, in tables 13 and 14 for the CS frame and in tables 15 and 16 for the GJ frame for $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV, respectively. The polarization parameters λ measured in the wide rapidity bin $2.2 < y^{\Upsilon} < 4.5$ are presented in tables 17 and 18, while the parameters $\tilde{\lambda}$ are listed in table 19.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
0 – 2	λ_θ	$0.252 \pm 0.101 \pm 0.054$	$0.131 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.035$	$-0.156 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.054$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.033 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.009$	$-0.002 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.007$	$-0.041 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.014$
	λ_ϕ	$0.002 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.004$	$-0.009 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.005$	$0.017 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.005$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.259 \pm 0.111 \pm 0.061$	$0.104 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.039$	$-0.107 \pm 0.083 \pm 0.059$
2 – 4	λ_θ	$0.210 \pm 0.070 \pm 0.037$	$0.131 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.029$	$-0.081 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.033$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.035 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.009$	$-0.052 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.008$	$0.030 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.014$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.017 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.004$	$0.018 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.004$	$-0.002 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.005$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.156 \pm 0.078 \pm 0.040$	$0.190 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.037$	$-0.088 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.042$
4 – 6	λ_θ	$0.121 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.037$	$0.048 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.023$	$-0.086 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.022$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.046 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.016$	$0.092 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.010$	$0.180 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.024$
	λ_ϕ	$0.015 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.005$	$-0.030 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.006$	$-0.035 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.013$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.168 \pm 0.085 \pm 0.049$	$-0.040 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.034$	$-0.185 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.048$
6 – 8	λ_θ	$-0.018 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.043$	$0.109 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.027$	$0.049 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.026$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.003 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.023$	$0.168 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.013$	$0.216 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.024$
	λ_ϕ	$0.024 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.011$	$-0.090 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.011$	$-0.050 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.019$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.056 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.062$	$-0.146 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.029$	$-0.096 \pm 0.082 \pm 0.044$
8 – 10	λ_θ	$0.083 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.050$	$0.078 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.041$	$0.018 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.051$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.022 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.019$	$0.099 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.010$	$0.125 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.021$
	λ_ϕ	$0.023 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.017$	$-0.029 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.019$	$0.013 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.031$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.155 \pm 0.107 \pm 0.049$	$-0.010 \pm 0.078 \pm 0.026$	$0.057 \pm 0.096 \pm 0.058$
10 – 15	λ_θ	$0.388 \pm 0.076 \pm 0.062$	$0.209 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.047$	$0.200 \pm 0.065 \pm 0.077$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.045 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.015$	$0.069 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.009$	$0.077 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.012$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.055 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.019$	$-0.042 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.019$	$-0.022 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.039$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.212 \pm 0.082 \pm 0.033$	$0.079 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.028$	$0.130 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.058$
15 – 20	λ_θ	$0.019 \pm 0.096 \pm 0.103$	$0.246 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.113$	$0.065 \pm 0.114 \pm 0.118$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.043 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.037$	$-0.062 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.046$	$0.201 \pm 0.072 \pm 0.057$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.015 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.028$	$-0.073 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.045$	$-0.016 \pm 0.068 \pm 0.060$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.025 \pm 0.129 \pm 0.083$	$0.025 \pm 0.155 \pm 0.118$	$0.018 \pm 0.208 \pm 0.167$

Table 12. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the HX frame for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
0 – 2	λ_θ	$0.175 \pm 0.146 \pm 0.066$	$-0.249 \pm 0.073 \pm 0.045$	$-0.198 \pm 0.103 \pm 0.059$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.088 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.013$	$-0.003 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.008$	$-0.012 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.012$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.008 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.006$	$0.007 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.006$	$0.008 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.007$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.152 \pm 0.159 \pm 0.070$	$-0.230 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.050$	$-0.177 \pm 0.120 \pm 0.059$
2 – 4	λ_θ	$0.237 \pm 0.107 \pm 0.048$	$-0.036 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.032$	$-0.212 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.036$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.089 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.009$	$0.027 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.006$	$0.046 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.008$
	λ_ϕ	$0.011 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.004$	$0.018 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.004$	$0.009 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.005$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.274 \pm 0.122 \pm 0.052$	$0.017 \pm 0.083 \pm 0.040$	$-0.186 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.043$
4 – 6	λ_θ	$0.054 \pm 0.106 \pm 0.039$	$-0.148 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.026$	$-0.163 \pm 0.079 \pm 0.039$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.069 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.011$	$0.032 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.007$	$0.065 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.012$
	λ_ϕ	$0.052 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.004$	$0.004 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.004$	$0.009 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.006$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.220 \pm 0.133 \pm 0.049$	$-0.137 \pm 0.086 \pm 0.031$	$-0.138 \pm 0.101 \pm 0.048$
6 – 8	λ_θ	$-0.027 \pm 0.113 \pm 0.042$	$-0.354 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.025$	$-0.074 \pm 0.085 \pm 0.039$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.017 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.013$	$0.088 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.009$	$0.046 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.014$
	λ_ϕ	$0.027 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.005$	$0.041 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.008$	$0.021 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.056 \pm 0.143 \pm 0.052$	$-0.241 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.043$	$-0.011 \pm 0.123 \pm 0.052$
8 – 10	λ_θ	$-0.036 \pm 0.115 \pm 0.047$	$-0.161 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.026$	$-0.217 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.034$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.038 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.019$	$0.135 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.015$	$0.077 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.026$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.001 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.010$	$0.066 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.010$	$0.046 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.013$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.040 \pm 0.150 \pm 0.059$	$0.040 \pm 0.119 \pm 0.046$	$-0.081 \pm 0.139 \pm 0.059$
10 – 15	λ_θ	$-0.019 \pm 0.072 \pm 0.036$	$0.009 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.028$	$-0.224 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.035$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.046 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.024$	$0.055 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.018$	$0.137 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.028$
	λ_ϕ	$0.023 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.014$	$0.053 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.016$	$0.040 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.021$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.052 \pm 0.118 \pm 0.055$	$0.177 \pm 0.123 \pm 0.053$	$-0.108 \pm 0.133 \pm 0.063$
15 – 20	λ_θ	$-0.068 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.083$	$-0.072 \pm 0.093 \pm 0.100$	$-0.291 \pm 0.118 \pm 0.139$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.013 \pm 0.089 \pm 0.053$	$0.071 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.048$	$0.182 \pm 0.115 \pm 0.074$
	λ_ϕ	$0.071 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.049$	$0.011 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.068$	$0.047 \pm 0.109 \pm 0.121$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.157 \pm 0.208 \pm 0.167$	$-0.040 \pm 0.230 \pm 0.154$	$-0.159 \pm 0.315 \pm 0.290$

Table 13. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the CS frame for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
$0 - 2$	λ_θ	$0.254 \pm 0.101 \pm 0.048$	$0.119 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.038$	$-0.139 \pm 0.072 \pm 0.051$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.037 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.010$	$0.026 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.007$	$-0.035 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.008$
	λ_ϕ	$0.002 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.004$	$-0.007 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.005$	$0.008 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.005$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.260 \pm 0.111 \pm 0.047$	$0.097 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.042$	$-0.116 \pm 0.084 \pm 0.058$
$2 - 4$	λ_θ	$0.193 \pm 0.072 \pm 0.046$	$0.184 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.030$	$-0.054 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.038$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.096 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.009$	$0.008 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.005$	$0.037 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.006$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.011 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.003$	$0.008 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.004$	$-0.004 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.003$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.160 \pm 0.079 \pm 0.051$	$0.209 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.038$	$-0.065 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.040$
$4 - 6$	λ_θ	$0.148 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.029$	$-0.075 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.024$	$-0.207 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.031$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.077 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.008$	$0.100 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.006$	$0.106 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.008$
	λ_ϕ	$0.013 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.003$	$0.012 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.004$	$0.023 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.004$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.191 \pm 0.088 \pm 0.034$	$-0.038 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.033$	$-0.141 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.038$
$6 - 8$	λ_θ	$0.023 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.031$	$-0.190 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.018$	$-0.228 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.028$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.034 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.009$	$0.143 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.007$	$0.121 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.011$
	λ_ϕ	$0.023 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.005$	$0.017 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.005$	$0.056 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.005$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.093 \pm 0.097 \pm 0.040$	$-0.140 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.027$	$-0.065 \pm 0.083 \pm 0.038$
$8 - 10$	λ_θ	$0.096 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.032$	$-0.124 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.017$	$-0.143 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.025$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.057 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.015$	$0.054 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.010$	$0.020 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.016$
	λ_ϕ	$0.026 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.007$	$0.040 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.006$	$0.068 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.180 \pm 0.108 \pm 0.041$	$-0.005 \pm 0.079 \pm 0.024$	$0.066 \pm 0.097 \pm 0.042$
$10 - 15$	λ_θ	$0.041 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.027$	$-0.104 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.020$	$-0.104 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.027$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.155 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.018$	$0.106 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.010$	$0.093 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.019$
	λ_ϕ	$0.043 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.009$	$0.058 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.012$	$0.072 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.011$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.177 \pm 0.081 \pm 0.036$	$0.073 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.039$	$0.122 \pm 0.096 \pm 0.044$
$15 - 20$	λ_θ	$-0.063 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.058$	$-0.030 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.070$	$-0.261 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.080$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.008 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.033$	$0.159 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.036$	$-0.051 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.042$
	λ_ϕ	$0.010 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.042$	$0.020 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.039$	$0.093 \pm 0.064 \pm 0.061$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.032 \pm 0.129 \pm 0.096$	$0.029 \pm 0.155 \pm 0.081$	$0.022 \pm 0.209 \pm 0.171$

Table 14. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the CS frame for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^{Υ} [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
$0 - 2$	λ_{θ}	$0.129 \pm 0.133 \pm 0.071$	$-0.248 \pm 0.072 \pm 0.043$	$-0.209 \pm 0.103 \pm 0.068$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.146 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.021$	$-0.018 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.009$	$-0.015 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.014$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.012 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.007$	$0.007 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.007$	$0.006 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.007$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.168 \pm 0.156 \pm 0.085$	$-0.229 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.052$	$-0.192 \pm 0.120 \pm 0.071$
$2 - 4$	λ_{θ}	$0.028 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.048$	$-0.069 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.033$	$-0.195 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.040$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.156 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.025$	$0.028 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.010$	$0.016 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.011$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.062 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.008$	$0.029 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.005$	$0.017 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.005$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.228 \pm 0.120 \pm 0.071$	$0.018 \pm 0.083 \pm 0.042$	$-0.147 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.048$
$4 - 6$	λ_{θ}	$-0.091 \pm 0.068 \pm 0.036$	$-0.162 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.023$	$-0.184 \pm 0.078 \pm 0.035$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.075 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.038$	$-0.024 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.010$	$0.006 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.016$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.103 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.017$	$0.010 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.006$	$0.026 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.243 \pm 0.133 \pm 0.093$	$-0.133 \pm 0.086 \pm 0.034$	$-0.109 \pm 0.102 \pm 0.049$
$6 - 8$	λ_{θ}	$-0.025 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.041$	$-0.296 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.025$	$-0.097 \pm 0.089 \pm 0.044$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.015 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.047$	$-0.150 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.011$	$-0.003 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.015$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.032 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.028$	$0.022 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.009$	$0.036 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.010$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.074 \pm 0.144 \pm 0.109$	$-0.235 \pm 0.096 \pm 0.033$	$0.010 \pm 0.125 \pm 0.058$
$8 - 10$	λ_{θ}	$-0.117 \pm 0.085 \pm 0.057$	$-0.213 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.045$	$-0.148 \pm 0.109 \pm 0.063$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.009 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.043$	$-0.092 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.010$	$-0.112 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.012$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.028 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.043$	$0.083 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.012$	$0.029 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.014$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.035 \pm 0.150 \pm 0.102$	$0.039 \pm 0.120 \pm 0.044$	$-0.064 \pm 0.141 \pm 0.058$
$10 - 15$	λ_{θ}	$0.020 \pm 0.087 \pm 0.099$	$-0.044 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.048$	$-0.199 \pm 0.102 \pm 0.064$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.019 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.019$	$-0.042 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.010$	$-0.157 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.014$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.006 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.055$	$0.069 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.012$	$0.030 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.016$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.038 \pm 0.116 \pm 0.081$	$0.175 \pm 0.123 \pm 0.053$	$-0.112 \pm 0.134 \pm 0.058$
$15 - 20$	λ_{θ}	$0.059 \pm 0.144 \pm 0.142$	$-0.059 \pm 0.151 \pm 0.132$	$-0.174 \pm 0.220 \pm 0.173$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.074 \pm 0.065 \pm 0.042$	$-0.078 \pm 0.068 \pm 0.042$	$-0.256 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.047$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.032 \pm 0.068 \pm 0.067$	$0.012 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.033$	$0.006 \pm 0.078 \pm 0.036$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.161 \pm 0.207 \pm 0.142$	$-0.024 \pm 0.231 \pm 0.157$	$-0.157 \pm 0.315 \pm 0.194$

Table 15. Values of λ_{θ} , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_{ϕ} and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the GJ frame for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^{Υ} [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
$0 - 2$	λ_θ	$0.190 \pm 0.092 \pm 0.058$	$0.087 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.037$	$-0.130 \pm 0.073 \pm 0.050$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.095 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.017$	$0.050 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.008$	$-0.026 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.009$
	λ_ϕ	$0.015 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.006$	$-0.001 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.006$	$0.004 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.005$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.238 \pm 0.108 \pm 0.068$	$0.085 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.043$	$-0.119 \pm 0.085 \pm 0.053$
$2 - 4$	λ_θ	$-0.008 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.032$	$0.145 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.028$	$-0.074 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.039$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.153 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.018$	$0.075 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.010$	$0.057 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.010$
	λ_ϕ	$0.040 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.006$	$0.022 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.005$	$0.010 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.004$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.117 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.049$	$0.216 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.040$	$-0.046 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.047$
$4 - 6$	λ_θ	$-0.072 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.030$	$-0.179 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.018$	$-0.248 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.030$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.107 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.027$	$0.037 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.010$	$0.011 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.013$
	λ_ϕ	$0.074 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.012$	$0.047 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.006$	$0.050 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.006$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.162 \pm 0.087 \pm 0.067$	$-0.038 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.031$	$-0.102 \pm 0.070 \pm 0.043$
$6 - 8$	λ_θ	$-0.088 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.025$	$-0.282 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.017$	$-0.261 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.028$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.021 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.036$	$-0.036 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.007$	$-0.063 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.012$
	λ_ϕ	$0.059 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.024$	$0.052 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.006$	$0.074 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.093 \pm 0.097 \pm 0.087$	$-0.132 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.024$	$-0.041 \pm 0.084 \pm 0.041$
$8 - 10$	λ_θ	$-0.069 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.048$	$-0.087 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.036$	$-0.046 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.048$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.043 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.029$	$-0.072 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.008$	$-0.096 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.010$
	λ_ϕ	$0.079 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.030$	$0.029 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.010$	$0.037 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.010$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.185 \pm 0.109 \pm 0.077$	$-0.001 \pm 0.079 \pm 0.028$	$0.069 \pm 0.097 \pm 0.049$
$10 - 15$	λ_θ	$-0.101 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.059$	$-0.122 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.041$	$-0.097 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.054$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.025 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.014$	$-0.098 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.008$	$-0.107 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.012$
	λ_ϕ	$0.078 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.031$	$0.063 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.009$	$0.068 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.012$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.144 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.055$	$0.070 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.035$	$0.115 \pm 0.097 \pm 0.046$
$15 - 20$	λ_θ	$0.028 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.141$	$-0.174 \pm 0.093 \pm 0.091$	$0.226 \pm 0.168 \pm 0.172$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.021 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.035$	$-0.098 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.026$	$-0.159 \pm 0.068 \pm 0.034$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.022 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.067$	$0.069 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.024$	$-0.068 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.029$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$-0.039 \pm 0.128 \pm 0.109$	$0.035 \pm 0.155 \pm 0.118$	$0.020 \pm 0.209 \pm 0.174$

Table 16. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the GJ frame for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^{Υ} [GeV/c]		λ_{θ}	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	λ_{ϕ}
0 – 2	HX	$-0.160 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.039$	$0.007 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.007$	$0.001 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.004$
	CS	$-0.165 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.039$	$0.011 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.005$	$0.000 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.004$
	GJ	$-0.176 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.037$	$0.013 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.007$	$0.004 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.004$
2 – 4	HX	$-0.045 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.025$	$0.016 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.009$	$0.009 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.004$
	CS	$-0.051 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.027$	$0.035 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.005$	$0.011 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.003$
	GJ	$-0.104 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.022$	$0.040 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.009$	$0.027 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.004$
4 – 6	HX	$-0.069 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.019$	$0.064 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.009$	$0.008 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.006$
	CS	$-0.106 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.020$	$0.040 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.006$	$0.024 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.004$
	GJ	$-0.147 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.019$	$-0.004 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.010$	$0.039 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$
6 – 8	HX	$-0.050 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.021$	$0.131 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.013$	$-0.022 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.010$
	CS	$-0.193 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.016$	$0.047 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.007$	$0.032 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.004$
	GJ	$-0.170 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.024$	$-0.077 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.009$	$0.026 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.008$
8 – 10	HX	$0.089 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.028$	$0.114 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.010$	$-0.051 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.015$
	CS	$-0.153 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.016$	$0.085 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.010$	$0.032 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.007$
	GJ	$-0.170 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.032$	$-0.077 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.008$	$0.038 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.010$
10 – 15	HX	$0.139 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.040$	$0.036 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.009$	$-0.025 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.016$
	CS	$-0.057 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.018$	$0.063 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.012$	$0.039 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.009$
	GJ	$-0.051 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.037$	$-0.060 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.007$	$0.037 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.012$
15 – 20	HX	$0.155 \pm 0.088 \pm 0.079$	$0.043 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.029$	$-0.036 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.034$
	CS	$-0.110 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.055$	$0.062 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.027$	$0.053 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.043$
	GJ	$-0.013 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.070$	$-0.111 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.028$	$0.023 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.021$
20 – 30	HX	$0.267 \pm 0.164 \pm 0.149$	$0.002 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.081$	$0.060 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.048$
	CS	$-0.001 \pm 0.107 \pm 0.155$	$0.094 \pm 0.078 \pm 0.058$	$0.139 \pm 0.079 \pm 0.107$
	GJ	$0.051 \pm 0.156 \pm 0.214$	$-0.138 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.064$	$0.127 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.046$

Table 17. Values of λ_{θ} , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and λ_{ϕ} measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV in the rapidity range $2.2 < y^{\Upsilon} < 4.5$. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]		λ_θ	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	λ_ϕ
0 – 2	HX	$0.049 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.031$	$-0.023 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.005$	$0.002 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.003$
	CS	$0.051 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.030$	$0.005 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.004$	$0.000 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.003$
	GJ	$0.031 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.030$	$0.031 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.007$	$0.004 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.003$
2 – 4	HX	$0.058 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.024$	$-0.023 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$	$-0.001 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$
	CS	$0.080 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.024$	$0.033 \pm 0.009 \pm 0.005$	$-0.006 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.002$
	GJ	$0.011 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.022$	$0.079 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.009$	$0.016 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.004$
4 – 6	HX	$0.010 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.018$	$0.070 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.008$	$-0.012 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.005$
	CS	$-0.068 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.021$	$0.080 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$	$0.016 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.003$
	GJ	$-0.168 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.015$	$0.034 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.009$	$0.049 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.006$
6 – 8	HX	$0.044 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.019$	$0.125 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.008$	$-0.034 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.007$
	CS	$-0.145 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.014$	$0.095 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.008$	$0.033 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.004$
	GJ	$-0.210 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.017$	$-0.037 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.007$	$0.056 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.008$
8 – 10	HX	$0.039 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.024$	$0.080 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.008$	$-0.008 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.010$
	CS	$-0.096 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.013$	$0.037 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.009$	$0.039 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.006$
	GJ	$-0.072 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.024$	$-0.058 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.006$	$0.031 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.009$
10 – 15	HX	$0.224 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.035$	$0.048 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.008$	$-0.044 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.013$
	CS	$-0.076 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.013$	$0.105 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.010$	$0.052 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.008$
	GJ	$-0.101 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.028$	$-0.079 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.008$	$0.060 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.010$
15 – 20	HX	$0.119 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.063$	$0.034 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.024$	$-0.036 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.027$
	CS	$-0.090 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.039$	$0.050 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.017$	$0.032 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.029$
	GJ	$-0.025 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.056$	$-0.079 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.018$	$0.010 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.017$
20 – 30	HX	$0.043 \pm 0.092 \pm 0.118$	$0.060 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.047$	$0.013 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.027$
	CS	$-0.057 \pm 0.064 \pm 0.111$	$-0.012 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.042$	$0.045 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.091$
	GJ	$0.068 \pm 0.104 \pm 0.150$	$-0.042 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.044$	$0.004 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.034$

Table 18. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and λ_ϕ measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV in the rapidity range $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	$\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV
0 – 2	HX	$-0.158 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.042$	$0.054 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.034$
	CS	$-0.164 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.042$	$0.050 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.033$
	GJ	$-0.164 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.038$	$0.042 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.033$
2 – 4	HX	$-0.018 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.033$	$0.055 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.030$
	CS	$-0.018 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.031$	$0.063 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.029$
	GJ	$-0.022 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.031$	$0.060 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.030$
4 – 6	HX	$-0.046 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.031$	$-0.026 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.026$
	CS	$-0.036 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.028$	$-0.020 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.028$
	GJ	$-0.033 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.032$	$-0.023 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.029$
6 – 8	HX	$-0.112 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.030$	$-0.056 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.023$
	CS	$-0.100 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.024$	$-0.048 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.022$
	GJ	$-0.093 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.027$	$-0.045 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.024$
8 – 10	HX	$-0.061 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.026$	$0.016 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.023$
	CS	$-0.059 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.026$	$0.021 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.024$
	GJ	$-0.060 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.029$	$0.023 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.025$
10 – 15	HX	$0.063 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.028$	$0.087 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.026$
	CS	$0.062 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.031$	$0.085 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.025$
	GJ	$0.063 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.028$	$0.085 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.023$
15 – 20	HX	$0.046 \pm 0.135 \pm 0.085$	$0.009 \pm 0.087 \pm 0.061$
	CS	$0.051 \pm 0.136 \pm 0.101$	$0.007 \pm 0.087 \pm 0.065$
	GJ	$0.056 \pm 0.136 \pm 0.077$	$0.005 \pm 0.087 \pm 0.061$
20 – 30	HX	$0.474 \pm 0.286 \pm 0.245$	$0.083 \pm 0.152 \pm 0.145$
	CS	$0.484 \pm 0.287 \pm 0.323$	$0.082 \pm 0.153 \pm 0.225$
	GJ	$0.495 \pm 0.288 \pm 0.248$	$0.081 \pm 0.152 \pm 0.176$

Table 19. Values of $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames for the $\Upsilon(2S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV in the rapidity range $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^{Υ} [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
0 – 2	λ_θ	$0.479 \pm 0.259 \pm 0.104$	$-0.052 \pm 0.125 \pm 0.074$	$-0.277 \pm 0.154 \pm 0.101$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.026 \pm 0.064 \pm 0.015$	$0.068 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.012$	$-0.047 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.020$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.024 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.007$	$-0.050 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.008$	$0.006 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.396 \pm 0.276 \pm 0.108$	$-0.193 \pm 0.151 \pm 0.074$	$-0.261 \pm 0.188 \pm 0.106$
2 – 4	λ_θ	$0.051 \pm 0.165 \pm 0.065$	$0.021 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.058$	$-0.451 \pm 0.089 \pm 0.058$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.098 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.017$	$0.056 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.015$	$0.129 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.026$
	λ_ϕ	$0.029 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.005$	$0.062 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.007$	$0.043 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.010$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.141 \pm 0.192 \pm 0.075$	$0.218 \pm 0.148 \pm 0.079$	$-0.338 \pm 0.134 \pm 0.083$
4 – 6	λ_θ	$0.111 \pm 0.150 \pm 0.059$	$-0.039 \pm 0.085 \pm 0.045$	$-0.030 \pm 0.089 \pm 0.061$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.072 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.024$	$0.062 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.018$	$0.088 \pm 0.068 \pm 0.038$
	λ_ϕ	$0.061 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.009$	$0.029 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.010$	$0.022 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.019$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.314 \pm 0.204 \pm 0.084$	$0.048 \pm 0.146 \pm 0.070$	$0.038 \pm 0.167 \pm 0.115$
6 – 8	λ_θ	$-0.244 \pm 0.133 \pm 0.050$	$0.011 \pm 0.090 \pm 0.036$	$-0.035 \pm 0.090 \pm 0.049$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.029 \pm 0.068 \pm 0.034$	$0.111 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.019$	$0.238 \pm 0.079 \pm 0.045$
	λ_ϕ	$0.100 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.017$	$0.031 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.019$	$-0.041 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.036$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.063 \pm 0.209 \pm 0.089$	$0.107 \pm 0.167 \pm 0.070$	$-0.151 \pm 0.175 \pm 0.094$
8 – 10	λ_θ	$-0.087 \pm 0.144 \pm 0.070$	$0.126 \pm 0.124 \pm 0.070$	$0.015 \pm 0.122 \pm 0.087$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.068 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.039$	$0.184 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.014$	$0.209 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.040$
	λ_ϕ	$0.124 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.026$	$-0.071 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.028$	$-0.050 \pm 0.084 \pm 0.060$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.326 \pm 0.242 \pm 0.116$	$-0.080 \pm 0.163 \pm 0.046$	$-0.129 \pm 0.198 \pm 0.099$
10 – 15	λ_θ	$0.192 \pm 0.134 \pm 0.109$	$0.322 \pm 0.121 \pm 0.103$	$0.053 \pm 0.118 \pm 0.121$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.126 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.026$	$0.091 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.017$	$0.106 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.019$
	λ_ϕ	$0.081 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.028$	$-0.147 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.039$	$-0.026 \pm 0.076 \pm 0.068$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.474 \pm 0.181 \pm 0.077$	$-0.103 \pm 0.138 \pm 0.043$	$-0.025 \pm 0.185 \pm 0.099$
15 – 20	λ_θ	$0.181 \pm 0.203 \pm 0.198$	$0.156 \pm 0.161 \pm 0.125$	$0.521 \pm 0.292 \pm 0.253$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.084 \pm 0.093 \pm 0.053$	$0.121 \pm 0.093 \pm 0.060$	$0.265 \pm 0.147 \pm 0.080$
	λ_ϕ	$0.137 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.047$	$0.086 \pm 0.082 \pm 0.052$	$0.178 \pm 0.122 \pm 0.087$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.685 \pm 0.335 \pm 0.204$	$0.453 \pm 0.333 \pm 0.171$	$1.282 \pm 0.644 \pm 0.294$

Table 20. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the HX frame for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

C Polarization results for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ state

Values of the polarization parameters λ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ meson are presented in tables 20 and 21 for the HX frame, in tables 22 and 23 for the CS frame and in tables 24 and 25 for the GJ frame for $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV, respectively. The polarization parameters λ measured in the wide rapidity bin $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$ are presented in tables 26 and 27, while the parameters $\tilde{\lambda}$ are listed in table 28.

p_T^{Υ} [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
$0 - 2$	λ_{θ}	$0.212 \pm 0.165 \pm 0.083$	$-0.073 \pm 0.089 \pm 0.078$	$-0.494 \pm 0.101 \pm 0.080$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.060 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.011$	$0.015 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.009$	$0.021 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.015$
	λ_{ϕ}	$-0.004 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.005$	$-0.029 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.006$	$-0.019 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.006$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.198 \pm 0.180 \pm 0.086$	$-0.155 \pm 0.112 \pm 0.080$	$-0.540 \pm 0.119 \pm 0.081$
$2 - 4$	λ_{θ}	$0.233 \pm 0.113 \pm 0.045$	$-0.008 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.057$	$-0.147 \pm 0.068 \pm 0.072$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.108 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.011$	$0.016 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.013$	$0.014 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.024$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.040 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.005$	$0.008 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.006$	$0.027 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.009$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.367 \pm 0.135 \pm 0.055$	$0.015 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.071$	$-0.068 \pm 0.101 \pm 0.092$
$4 - 6$	λ_{θ}	$0.106 \pm 0.102 \pm 0.042$	$0.096 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.045$	$-0.183 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.057$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.078 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.017$	$0.059 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.020$	$0.267 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.034$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.075 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.008$	$0.037 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.011$	$-0.047 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.017$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.357 \pm 0.141 \pm 0.064$	$0.215 \pm 0.105 \pm 0.077$	$-0.309 \pm 0.104 \pm 0.091$
$6 - 8$	λ_{θ}	$-0.150 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.042$	$-0.019 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.033$	$-0.088 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.044$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.024 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.023$	$0.273 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.017$	$0.406 \pm 0.065 \pm 0.042$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.080 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.012$	$-0.068 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.016$	$-0.146 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.029$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.097 \pm 0.145 \pm 0.067$	$-0.210 \pm 0.098 \pm 0.058$	$-0.459 \pm 0.116 \pm 0.080$
$8 - 10$	λ_{θ}	$-0.100 \pm 0.103 \pm 0.057$	$0.109 \pm 0.078 \pm 0.052$	$0.064 \pm 0.081 \pm 0.063$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.096 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.030$	$0.193 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.014$	$0.175 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.029$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.092 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.019$	$-0.017 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.023$	$-0.049 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.035$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.194 \pm 0.159 \pm 0.088$	$0.056 \pm 0.116 \pm 0.042$	$-0.079 \pm 0.132 \pm 0.079$
$10 - 15$	λ_{θ}	$0.222 \pm 0.093 \pm 0.067$	$0.254 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.067$	$0.186 \pm 0.086 \pm 0.072$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.054 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.021$	$0.129 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.012$	$0.142 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.015$
	λ_{ϕ}	$-0.017 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.022$	$-0.057 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.025$	$-0.091 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.033$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.168 \pm 0.108 \pm 0.056$	$0.080 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.046$	$-0.079 \pm 0.112 \pm 0.056$
$15 - 20$	λ_{θ}	$0.512 \pm 0.153 \pm 0.143$	$0.238 \pm 0.120 \pm 0.128$	$0.313 \pm 0.176 \pm 0.160$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.064 \pm 0.073 \pm 0.049$	$0.032 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.056$	$0.176 \pm 0.096 \pm 0.071$
	λ_{ϕ}	$-0.123 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.045$	$-0.061 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.058$	$-0.203 \pm 0.097 \pm 0.093$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.126 \pm 0.168 \pm 0.093$	$0.052 \pm 0.184 \pm 0.135$	$-0.246 \pm 0.223 \pm 0.178$

Table 21. Values of λ_{θ} , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_{ϕ} and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the HX frame for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
0 – 2	λ_θ	$0.457 \pm 0.257 \pm 0.104$	$-0.065 \pm 0.125 \pm 0.072$	$-0.189 \pm 0.167 \pm 0.098$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.089 \pm 0.065 \pm 0.014$	$0.081 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.011$	$-0.047 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.016$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.020 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.008$	$-0.042 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.009$	$-0.008 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.009$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.388 \pm 0.277 \pm 0.102$	$-0.185 \pm 0.152 \pm 0.071$	$-0.210 \pm 0.192 \pm 0.102$
2 – 4	λ_θ	$0.115 \pm 0.173 \pm 0.065$	$0.023 \pm 0.102 \pm 0.060$	$-0.344 \pm 0.111 \pm 0.063$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.029 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.012$	$0.064 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.007$	$0.010 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.013$
	λ_ϕ	$0.015 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.005$	$0.072 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.006$	$0.045 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.007$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.161 \pm 0.195 \pm 0.070$	$0.257 \pm 0.151 \pm 0.079$	$-0.218 \pm 0.140 \pm 0.080$
4 – 6	λ_θ	$0.240 \pm 0.172 \pm 0.052$	$-0.043 \pm 0.103 \pm 0.047$	$0.047 \pm 0.130 \pm 0.070$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.106 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.012$	$0.033 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.008$	$0.065 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.013$
	λ_ϕ	$0.052 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.006$	$0.043 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.007$	$0.039 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.010$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.419 \pm 0.213 \pm 0.064$	$0.091 \pm 0.149 \pm 0.064$	$0.170 \pm 0.174 \pm 0.099$
6 – 8	λ_θ	$-0.080 \pm 0.161 \pm 0.047$	$-0.092 \pm 0.096 \pm 0.041$	$-0.224 \pm 0.118 \pm 0.049$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.036 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.017$	$0.041 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.014$	$0.109 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.018$
	λ_ϕ	$0.074 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.007$	$0.074 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.013$	$0.055 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.011$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.153 \pm 0.216 \pm 0.066$	$0.141 \pm 0.169 \pm 0.078$	$-0.063 \pm 0.179 \pm 0.074$
8 – 10	λ_θ	$0.201 \pm 0.176 \pm 0.071$	$-0.219 \pm 0.081 \pm 0.031$	$-0.238 \pm 0.115 \pm 0.046$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.010 \pm 0.086 \pm 0.023$	$0.097 \pm 0.068 \pm 0.016$	$0.076 \pm 0.084 \pm 0.025$
	λ_ϕ	$0.056 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.012$	$0.053 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.011$	$0.049 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.013$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.393 \pm 0.248 \pm 0.087$	$-0.063 \pm 0.164 \pm 0.053$	$-0.096 \pm 0.200 \pm 0.068$
10 – 15	λ_θ	$-0.080 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.035$	$-0.184 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.028$	$-0.137 \pm 0.090 \pm 0.044$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.025 \pm 0.073 \pm 0.021$	$0.204 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.021$	$0.027 \pm 0.079 \pm 0.033$
	λ_ϕ	$0.159 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.014$	$0.023 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.016$	$0.038 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.022$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.471 \pm 0.180 \pm 0.076$	$-0.118 \pm 0.138 \pm 0.047$	$-0.024 \pm 0.187 \pm 0.073$
15 – 20	λ_θ	$0.010 \pm 0.117 \pm 0.090$	$-0.074 \pm 0.106 \pm 0.094$	$-0.153 \pm 0.146 \pm 0.141$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.023 \pm 0.115 \pm 0.067$	$-0.014 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.041$	$0.008 \pm 0.139 \pm 0.067$
	λ_ϕ	$0.184 \pm 0.072 \pm 0.052$	$0.151 \pm 0.083 \pm 0.053$	$0.337 \pm 0.103 \pm 0.066$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.689 \pm 0.336 \pm 0.207$	$0.447 \pm 0.333 \pm 0.178$	$1.295 \pm 0.652 \pm 0.324$

Table 22. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the CS frame for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
$0 - 2$	λ_θ	$0.231 \pm 0.166 \pm 0.072$	$-0.072 \pm 0.090 \pm 0.076$	$-0.437 \pm 0.108 \pm 0.081$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.033 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.013$	$0.022 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.008$	$-0.002 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.010$
	λ_ϕ	$-0.007 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.005$	$-0.028 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.007$	$-0.024 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.007$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.209 \pm 0.181 \pm 0.077$	$-0.151 \pm 0.112 \pm 0.079$	$-0.499 \pm 0.122 \pm 0.083$
$2 - 4$	λ_θ	$0.282 \pm 0.119 \pm 0.052$	$0.023 \pm 0.070 \pm 0.058$	$0.000 \pm 0.086 \pm 0.075$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.070 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.010$	$0.036 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.007$	$0.003 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.009$
	λ_ϕ	$0.030 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.004$	$0.009 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.005$	$0.013 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.005$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.382 \pm 0.138 \pm 0.061$	$0.051 \pm 0.093 \pm 0.069$	$0.039 \pm 0.105 \pm 0.086$
$4 - 6$	λ_θ	$0.184 \pm 0.116 \pm 0.044$	$0.060 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.052$	$-0.238 \pm 0.084 \pm 0.064$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.094 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.011$	$0.082 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.008$	$0.131 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.011$
	λ_ϕ	$0.061 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.005$	$0.061 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.007$	$0.030 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.007$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.391 \pm 0.145 \pm 0.056$	$0.259 \pm 0.107 \pm 0.075$	$-0.154 \pm 0.108 \pm 0.083$
$6 - 8$	λ_θ	$-0.044 \pm 0.114 \pm 0.041$	$-0.330 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.033$	$-0.404 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.044$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.040 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.011$	$0.119 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.009$	$0.155 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.015$
	λ_ϕ	$0.068 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.006$	$0.056 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.008$	$0.037 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.010$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.172 \pm 0.150 \pm 0.056$	$-0.170 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.055$	$-0.302 \pm 0.114 \pm 0.068$
$8 - 10$	λ_θ	$-0.093 \pm 0.108 \pm 0.043$	$-0.213 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.023$	$-0.177 \pm 0.078 \pm 0.036$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.031 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.017$	$0.078 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.012$	$0.085 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.022$
	λ_ϕ	$0.104 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.010$	$0.092 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.009$	$0.046 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.015$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.246 \pm 0.163 \pm 0.067$	$0.068 \pm 0.117 \pm 0.044$	$-0.041 \pm 0.134 \pm 0.074$
$10 - 15$	λ_θ	$-0.038 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.027$	$-0.168 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.021$	$-0.213 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.028$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.110 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.017$	$0.115 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.016$	$0.122 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.024$
	λ_ϕ	$0.068 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.012$	$0.078 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.013$	$0.040 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.016$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.177 \pm 0.108 \pm 0.049$	$0.073 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.043$	$-0.097 \pm 0.113 \pm 0.051$
$15 - 20$	λ_θ	$-0.083 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.049$	$-0.109 \pm 0.072 \pm 0.070$	$-0.368 \pm 0.082 \pm 0.081$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.242 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.040$	$0.116 \pm 0.068 \pm 0.035$	$0.107 \pm 0.088 \pm 0.050$
	λ_ϕ	$0.064 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.037$	$0.049 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.048$	$0.044 \pm 0.079 \pm 0.077$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.117 \pm 0.168 \pm 0.114$	$0.041 \pm 0.183 \pm 0.112$	$-0.246 \pm 0.224 \pm 0.182$

Table 23. Values of λ_θ , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_ϕ and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the CS frame for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^{Υ} [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
$0 - 2$	λ_{θ}	$0.317 \pm 0.233 \pm 0.116$	$-0.092 \pm 0.120 \pm 0.070$	$-0.126 \pm 0.170 \pm 0.095$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.175 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.030$	$0.091 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.016$	$-0.024 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.017$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.003 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.008$	$-0.031 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.007$	$-0.015 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.007$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.326 \pm 0.270 \pm 0.132$	$-0.178 \pm 0.152 \pm 0.070$	$-0.168 \pm 0.194 \pm 0.102$
$2 - 4$	λ_{θ}	$-0.088 \pm 0.132 \pm 0.074$	$-0.016 \pm 0.093 \pm 0.053$	$-0.227 \pm 0.117 \pm 0.053$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.091 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.041$	$0.073 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.018$	$-0.025 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.018$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.056 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.012$	$0.092 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.008$	$0.038 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.085 \pm 0.190 \pm 0.111$	$0.288 \pm 0.152 \pm 0.083$	$-0.119 \pm 0.143 \pm 0.071$
$4 - 6$	λ_{θ}	$-0.099 \pm 0.104 \pm 0.046$	$-0.052 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.043$	$0.006 \pm 0.126 \pm 0.059$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.160 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.042$	$0.017 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.019$	$0.118 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.029$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.142 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.019$	$0.057 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.010$	$0.077 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.016$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.382 \pm 0.212 \pm 0.116$	$0.127 \pm 0.151 \pm 0.069$	$0.258 \pm 0.178 \pm 0.105$
$6 - 8$	λ_{θ}	$-0.110 \pm 0.103 \pm 0.042$	$-0.071 \pm 0.095 \pm 0.037$	$-0.250 \pm 0.122 \pm 0.052$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.053 \pm 0.083 \pm 0.053$	$-0.039 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.017$	$-0.026 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.021$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.087 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.032$	$0.076 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.017$	$0.081 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.017$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.165 \pm 0.217 \pm 0.121$	$0.171 \pm 0.171 \pm 0.072$	$-0.008 \pm 0.182 \pm 0.083$
$8 - 10$	λ_{θ}	$-0.076 \pm 0.115 \pm 0.066$	$-0.171 \pm 0.108 \pm 0.054$	$-0.210 \pm 0.152 \pm 0.068$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.083 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.050$	$-0.111 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.015$	$-0.092 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.019$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.142 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.044$	$0.042 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.020$	$0.043 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.018$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.409 \pm 0.249 \pm 0.140$	$-0.047 \pm 0.165 \pm 0.050$	$-0.085 \pm 0.202 \pm 0.085$
$10 - 15$	λ_{θ}	$0.105 \pm 0.119 \pm 0.111$	$-0.315 \pm 0.092 \pm 0.054$	$-0.047 \pm 0.145 \pm 0.084$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.128 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.027$	$-0.123 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.011$	$-0.078 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.019$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.105 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.050$	$0.064 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.017$	$0.006 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.021$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.468 \pm 0.178 \pm 0.091$	$-0.130 \pm 0.137 \pm 0.049$	$-0.029 \pm 0.189 \pm 0.075$
$15 - 20$	λ_{θ}	$0.261 \pm 0.198 \pm 0.277$	$0.188 \pm 0.203 \pm 0.190$	$0.470 \pm 0.331 \pm 0.247$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.076 \pm 0.088 \pm 0.065$	$-0.104 \pm 0.084 \pm 0.044$	$-0.249 \pm 0.137 \pm 0.051$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.117 \pm 0.086 \pm 0.105$	$0.073 \pm 0.070 \pm 0.041$	$0.193 \pm 0.101 \pm 0.057$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.693 \pm 0.334 \pm 0.238$	$0.437 \pm 0.332 \pm 0.225$	$1.300 \pm 0.649 \pm 0.346$

Table 24. Values of λ_{θ} , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_{ϕ} and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the GJ frame for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^{Υ} [GeV/c]	λ	$2.2 < y < 3.0$	$3.0 < y < 3.5$	$3.5 < y < 4.5$
$0 - 2$	λ_{θ}	$0.147 \pm 0.152 \pm 0.072$	$-0.081 \pm 0.087 \pm 0.072$	$-0.385 \pm 0.111 \pm 0.074$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.110 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.019$	$0.030 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.013$	$-0.009 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.014$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.009 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.005$	$-0.024 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.006$	$-0.027 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.006$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.177 \pm 0.177 \pm 0.079$	$-0.148 \pm 0.112 \pm 0.076$	$-0.453 \pm 0.123 \pm 0.078$
$2 - 4$	λ_{θ}	$0.008 \pm 0.089 \pm 0.043$	$-0.002 \pm 0.065 \pm 0.051$	$0.054 \pm 0.088 \pm 0.065$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.156 \pm 0.044 \pm 0.022$	$0.064 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.017$	$0.070 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.022$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.084 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.007$	$0.025 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.007$	$0.019 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.008$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.283 \pm 0.134 \pm 0.067$	$0.075 \pm 0.093 \pm 0.073$	$0.113 \pm 0.108 \pm 0.085$
$4 - 6$	λ_{θ}	$-0.166 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.049$	$-0.038 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.037$	$-0.247 \pm 0.081 \pm 0.045$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$0.114 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.043$	$0.079 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.019$	$0.058 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.024$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.138 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.017$	$0.099 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.011$	$0.068 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.013$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.288 \pm 0.142 \pm 0.118$	$0.289 \pm 0.108 \pm 0.076$	$-0.044 \pm 0.110 \pm 0.082$
$6 - 8$	λ_{θ}	$-0.223 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.031$	$-0.306 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.024$	$-0.375 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.032$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.011 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.043$	$-0.106 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.016$	$-0.074 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.020$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.119 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.024$	$0.062 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.014$	$0.060 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.016$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.153 \pm 0.150 \pm 0.110$	$-0.129 \pm 0.100 \pm 0.055$	$-0.207 \pm 0.116 \pm 0.064$
$8 - 10$	λ_{θ}	$-0.157 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.046$	$-0.134 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.039$	$-0.183 \pm 0.098 \pm 0.049$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.078 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.048$	$-0.132 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.011$	$-0.060 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.016$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.128 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.041$	$0.069 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.014$	$0.054 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.021$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.259 \pm 0.163 \pm 0.122$	$0.079 \pm 0.117 \pm 0.044$	$-0.024 \pm 0.136 \pm 0.074$
$10 - 15$	λ_{θ}	$-0.114 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.072$	$-0.126 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.051$	$-0.218 \pm 0.086 \pm 0.049$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.058 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.019$	$-0.133 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.010$	$-0.130 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.011$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.092 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.036$	$0.063 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.015$	$0.035 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.015$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.178 \pm 0.107 \pm 0.068$	$0.068 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.047$	$-0.117 \pm 0.113 \pm 0.054$
$15 - 20$	λ_{θ}	$-0.213 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.126$	$-0.115 \pm 0.118 \pm 0.121$	$-0.066 \pm 0.181 \pm 0.164$
	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	$-0.159 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.029$	$-0.121 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.025$	$-0.239 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.046$
	λ_{ϕ}	$0.102 \pm 0.050 \pm 0.054$	$0.047 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.028$	$-0.068 \pm 0.063 \pm 0.036$
	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$0.105 \pm 0.167 \pm 0.115$	$0.028 \pm 0.182 \pm 0.126$	$-0.252 \pm 0.223 \pm 0.148$

Table 25. Values of λ_{θ} , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$, λ_{ϕ} and $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the GJ frame for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^{Υ} [GeV/c]		λ_{θ}	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	λ_{ϕ}
0 – 2	HX	$-0.054 \pm 0.087 \pm 0.069$	$0.012 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.009$	$-0.026 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.006$
	CS	$-0.039 \pm 0.089 \pm 0.069$	$0.038 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.007$	$-0.026 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.004$
	GJ	$-0.054 \pm 0.086 \pm 0.068$	$0.065 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.012$	$-0.018 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.004$
2 – 4	HX	$-0.141 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.046$	$0.022 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.013$	$0.043 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.005$
	CS	$-0.097 \pm 0.064 \pm 0.052$	$0.023 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.006$	$0.040 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.004$
	GJ	$-0.123 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.042$	$0.034 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.014$	$0.055 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.006$
4 – 6	HX	$-0.004 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.037$	$0.027 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.016$	$0.040 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.010$
	CS	$0.028 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.043$	$0.053 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.007$	$0.044 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.007$
	GJ	$-0.075 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.031$	$0.068 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.016$	$0.080 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.011$
6 – 8	HX	$-0.056 \pm 0.053 \pm 0.027$	$0.098 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.017$	$0.049 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.015$
	CS	$-0.101 \pm 0.064 \pm 0.028$	$0.032 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.009$	$0.074 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.009$
	GJ	$-0.115 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.025$	$-0.038 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.015$	$0.083 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.014$
8 – 10	HX	$-0.008 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.039$	$0.120 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.015$	$0.001 \pm 0.035 \pm 0.022$
	CS	$-0.148 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.023$	$0.048 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.012$	$0.051 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.013$
	GJ	$-0.148 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.032$	$-0.074 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.010$	$0.052 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.016$
10 – 15	HX	$0.176 \pm 0.067 \pm 0.064$	$0.126 \pm 0.028 \pm 0.012$	$-0.010 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.026$
	CS	$-0.147 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.019$	$0.073 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.012$	$0.091 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.013$
	GJ	$-0.066 \pm 0.064 \pm 0.037$	$-0.128 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.010$	$0.064 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.013$
15 – 20	HX	$0.227 \pm 0.112 \pm 0.108$	$0.138 \pm 0.058 \pm 0.034$	$0.125 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.040$
	CS	$-0.062 \pm 0.068 \pm 0.068$	$-0.018 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.031$	$0.204 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.041$
	GJ	$0.281 \pm 0.128 \pm 0.108$	$-0.122 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.033$	$0.111 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.028$
20 – 30	HX	$0.570 \pm 0.221 \pm 0.232$	$0.149 \pm 0.113 \pm 0.102$	$0.017 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.069$
	CS	$-0.226 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.134$	$0.083 \pm 0.082 \pm 0.048$	$0.239 \pm 0.083 \pm 0.094$
	GJ	$0.313 \pm 0.212 \pm 0.231$	$-0.274 \pm 0.096 \pm 0.089$	$0.093 \pm 0.069 \pm 0.060$

Table 26. Values of λ_{θ} , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and λ_{ϕ} measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV in the rapidity range $2.2 < y^{\Upsilon} < 4.5$. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^{Υ} [GeV/c]		λ_{θ}	$\lambda_{\theta\phi}$	λ_{ϕ}
0 – 2	HX	$-0.141 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.063$	$-0.010 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.009$	$-0.016 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.003$
	CS	$-0.119 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.067$	$0.007 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.006$	$-0.019 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.003$
	GJ	$-0.122 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.063$	$0.027 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.011$	$-0.015 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.003$
2 – 4	HX	$-0.014 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.048$	$-0.022 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.013$	$0.026 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.005$
	CS	$0.044 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.053$	$0.025 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.006$	$0.016 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.004$
	GJ	$-0.017 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.045$	$0.076 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.015$	$0.038 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.006$
4 – 6	HX	$0.008 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.037$	$0.057 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.017$	$0.036 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.010$
	CS	$-0.009 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.045$	$0.079 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.007$	$0.051 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.007$
	GJ	$-0.139 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.030$	$0.065 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.016$	$0.093 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.010$
6 – 8	HX	$-0.076 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.027$	$0.205 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.014$	$-0.019 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.014$
	CS	$-0.270 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.027$	$0.091 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.007$	$0.059 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.009$
	GJ	$-0.291 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.020$	$-0.083 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.012$	$0.072 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.014$
8 – 10	HX	$0.033 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.029$	$0.154 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.011$	$0.017 \pm 0.024 \pm 0.014$
	CS	$-0.172 \pm 0.039 \pm 0.017$	$0.059 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.010$	$0.086 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.010$
	GJ	$-0.146 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.029$	$-0.104 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.009$	$0.077 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.014$
10 – 15	HX	$0.198 \pm 0.045 \pm 0.039$	$0.114 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.012$	$-0.049 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.016$
	CS	$-0.150 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.014$	$0.101 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.011$	$0.063 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.013$
	GJ	$-0.129 \pm 0.041 \pm 0.026$	$-0.112 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.010$	$0.055 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.013$
15 – 20	HX	$0.307 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.075$	$0.042 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.029$	$-0.111 \pm 0.037 \pm 0.030$
	CS	$-0.169 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.038$	$0.140 \pm 0.042 \pm 0.026$	$0.048 \pm 0.034 \pm 0.030$
	GJ	$-0.123 \pm 0.070 \pm 0.077$	$-0.156 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.018$	$0.030 \pm 0.029 \pm 0.022$
20 – 30	HX	$0.060 \pm 0.114 \pm 0.168$	$0.087 \pm 0.066 \pm 0.060$	$0.004 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.040$
	CS	$-0.086 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.133$	$-0.021 \pm 0.059 \pm 0.040$	$0.046 \pm 0.064 \pm 0.113$
	GJ	$0.069 \pm 0.128 \pm 0.198$	$-0.037 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.060$	$-0.011 \pm 0.047 \pm 0.044$

Table 27. Values of λ_{θ} , $\lambda_{\theta\phi}$ and λ_{ϕ} measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV in the rapidity range $2.2 < y^{\Upsilon} < 4.5$. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

p_T^Υ [GeV/c]	$\tilde{\lambda}$	$\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	$\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV
0 – 2	HX	$-0.129 \pm 0.102 \pm 0.070$	$-0.187 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.066$
	CS	$-0.113 \pm 0.103 \pm 0.069$	$-0.174 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.070$
	GJ	$-0.105 \pm 0.102 \pm 0.072$	$-0.165 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.067$
2 – 4	HX	$-0.012 \pm 0.080 \pm 0.063$	$0.065 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.064$
	CS	$0.024 \pm 0.082 \pm 0.063$	$0.095 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.064$
	GJ	$0.043 \pm 0.082 \pm 0.061$	$0.100 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.064$
4 – 6	HX	$0.121 \pm 0.089 \pm 0.068$	$0.120 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.070$
	CS	$0.167 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.066$	$0.153 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.068$
	GJ	$0.181 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.067$	$0.155 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.068$
6 – 8	HX	$0.097 \pm 0.097 \pm 0.063$	$-0.129 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.059$
	CS	$0.130 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.056$	$-0.099 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.055$
	GJ	$0.145 \pm 0.099 \pm 0.059$	$-0.081 \pm 0.062 \pm 0.056$
8 – 10	HX	$-0.004 \pm 0.102 \pm 0.055$	$0.086 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.048$
	CS	$0.007 \pm 0.103 \pm 0.056$	$0.093 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.049$
	GJ	$0.009 \pm 0.103 \pm 0.052$	$0.093 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.049$
10 – 15	HX	$0.143 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.042$	$0.047 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.042$
	CS	$0.140 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.043$	$0.043 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.043$
	GJ	$0.136 \pm 0.091 \pm 0.037$	$0.039 \pm 0.057 \pm 0.042$
15 – 20	HX	$0.689 \pm 0.218 \pm 0.134$	$-0.023 \pm 0.104 \pm 0.069$
	CS	$0.692 \pm 0.218 \pm 0.142$	$-0.027 \pm 0.104 \pm 0.076$
	GJ	$0.692 \pm 0.218 \pm 0.108$	$-0.033 \pm 0.104 \pm 0.058$
20 – 30	HX	$0.631 \pm 0.360 \pm 0.327$	$0.073 \pm 0.187 \pm 0.215$
	CS	$0.646 \pm 0.365 \pm 0.313$	$0.056 \pm 0.187 \pm 0.276$
	GJ	$0.654 \pm 0.366 \pm 0.335$	$0.035 \pm 0.186 \pm 0.201$

Table 28. Values of $\tilde{\lambda}$ measured in the HX, CS and GJ frames for the $\Upsilon(3S)$ produced at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV in the rapidity range $2.2 < y^\Upsilon < 4.5$. The first uncertainty is statistical and the second systematic.

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